The Victoria Daily Times.

VOL. 1. VICTORIA, B. C., SATURDAY, MAY 2, 1885. NO. 277

House, Garden, &c, in the Country,

BUSINESS IN TOWN

WITHIN EASY WALKING DISTANCE OF Victoria, and only a little farther from the centre of Esquimalt, soon to be a scene of business and bustle.

FOR SALE

On easy terms on Cloverdale, Saanich Road, lots of one-half or one acre, more or less, with front, on one or more highways, connecting with Saanich and Burnside roads. One of these highways, Blackwater Road, 80 feet, runs on Yates, avoids the Harriett Road of equal width, and leading to Victoria Apts. The principal highways have been staked so that pedestrians can pass through. Half good-clayey loam or black peat, these excellent spots for parsnips or market gardens.

Reserves have been made on this tract for Church and Public school purposes.

Plans are to be seen at the principal land agencies in Victoria.

Appointments for being shown over the land can be made through the Post Office.

For further particulars or purchase, apply to

W. F. TOLMIE,

fel1 Cloverdale, V. D. P. O. Box 226.

ROYAL

AUCTION MART,

Colonist Building, Government St.

VICTORIA, B. C.

WOLF & SCOONES,

Real Estate & General Auctioneers

JOSEPH WOLF - - AUCTIONEER

HAVE MUCH PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCING that they have secured these very central and Commodious Salerooms adjoining the Colonist office, Government street, and are now prepared to hold Sales of Real Estate and Merchandise of every description.

ADVANCES MADE UPON CONSIGNMENTS of Goods for bona fide sales. Prompt returns made. Sales of Household Effects, Cattle, Horses, Farm Stock, &c., made upon the premises.

The large and varied experience of our Mr. Joseph Wolf, (who has charge of the Victoria Branch of the firm) in the conduct and sale of Real Estate and General Merchandise will, we are sure, secure to all who entrust their interests to his hands perfect satisfaction. We are prepared also to take Real Estate upon commission for private sale. mar26-3m

VICTORIA

STEAM LAUNDRY!

ESQUIMALT ROAD.

TELEPHONE CALL 529.

On and after this date, the Victoria office of the Laundry is abolished.

Orders may be sent direct to the Laundry by telephone or post, or left at Messrs. Jas. Fell & Co.'s, Fort street; Mr. Henry Saunders' store, Johnson street, or by telephone, No. 525.

The wagons of the Laundry will call at the residences or places of business of customers for goods that require washing.

Improved Machinery

Has been added to the plant and orders can now be filled with greater dispatch and in better style.

The Press are under the immediate superintendence of

mar4 MR. & MRS. J. W. MARTIN.

Esquimalt Mail Stage.

From and after this date the fare by the mail stage running between

VICTORIA and ESQUIMALT

Will be 15 cents each trip, or

EIGHT SINGLE TRIP TICKETS, $1

Apply at office of

W. G. BOWMAN.

Broad Street, opposite Trounce Alley.

Victoria, October 24, 1884 oct24

GERMANIA SALOON,

N. W. Cor. Government & Johnson Sts.

Hot Lunch from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Free to all my Patrons.

Choice Wines, Liquors & Lager Beer

White Labor Cigars Only Sold Here.

H. FERDINAND SIEWERD.

Lovett's Old Saloon!

GOVERNMENT STREET.

HAVING PURCHASED THE ABOVE SALOON, I will keep the Bar well supplied with the Best Brands of

LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

And will be pleased to meet all my old friends as well as the general Public.

E. E. BLIGH.

"THE GARRICK'S HEAD."

BUSH A McDERMOTT - - Proprietors

BASTION ST., VICTORIA.

A pioneer house of the city. The bar is supplied with the Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars. HOT LUNCH FROM 1 TO 2 DAILY.

CIGARS, TOBACCO, ETC.

FRANK CAMPBELL,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

FINE HAVANA CIGARS.

Meerschaum Pipes,

SMOKING TOBACCO

CORNER YATES AND GOVERNMENT STS.

VICTORIA, B. C.

KURTZ & Co.,

Pioneer White Labor

Cigar and Cigarette

Manufacturers

Established 1879.

VICTORIA - - BRITISH COLUMBIA

NOTICE

WE HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT WE intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase 1600 acres of land, more or less, situated on the southeast side of a lake named Gordon Pasha, said lake being about five miles north from the sea coast, and about six miles west of Scotch Fir Point on Malaspina Straits, northwest coast of British Columbia, and described as follows: Commencing at a stake on the southeast side of lake, about a mile from its outlet and running east 120 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 40 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 50 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 30 chains; thence north 30 chains; thence westward to shore of lake; thence southward following shore of lake and river to place of commencement.

M. C. IRELAND,
MORRIS MOSS,
A. VANCUYLER.

mar14

NOTICE.

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I INTEND to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Land and Works for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, situated on the south side of Gordon Pasha Lake, Malaspina Straits, northwest coast British Columbia. Commencing at a stake about a mile south of the mouth of Campbell river and 40 chains from the sea beach on the southern boundary line of the Campbell river, Indian reserve; thence running 100 chains westward; thence 60 chains southward; thence 100 chains eastward and thence sixty chains northward to point of commencement.

ap10-1m M. C. IRELAND.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, at Victoria, for the right to purchase 160, one hundred and sixty, acres of vacant, unoccupied, government land, on the Columbia River, near the "Big Bend," situated about forty miles above the Western Railroad Crossing of C. P. R. R., and formerly known as "Kirby's Landing." Beginning at a point on the left bank on east side of the river below a high "bluff" of limestone rock, fronting on the river and running down stream for a distance of forty chains; thence north forty chains; thence west forty chains to point of commencing, the whole to contain (160) one hundred and sixty acres more or less.

SAML. ADLER.

Columbia River, March 22, 1885. ap10

NOTICE.

ALL THOSE INDEBTED TO THE FIRM of Calibraith, (Gran. J. Cook, Cassiar, are requested to call on the undersigned at the office of Hand & Lippett second door from the Telegraph office, Victoria, to settle their indebtedness, or legal steps will be taken to collect the same.

JOHN GRANT.

Vict. B. C. Dec. 3rd, 1884. de3 tf

NOTICE,

SAMUEL DICKSON NESBITT HAS THIS day been admitted as a partner into the firm of Nesbitt & Co.

JANE A. NESBITT.

1st April, 1885. ap22-1m

Notice to Builders.

WHOLE and separate tenders will be received up to Saturday, May 2nd, at 12 m., for the erection and completion of a two storey residence, facing Victoria Crescent. We reserve the right to accept or reject the whole or any part of all tenders.

BURRIS & DE LAPENOTIERE,
Architects and Engineers, Moody's building, corner Yates and Broad streets. Ap25

Notice to Builders.

Tenders are required for the following works:

1st. For four frame residences to be situated at James Bay. Tenders received up to noon of Friday, 8th May.

2d. For a block of three story brick buildings facing Pemberton street. Tenders received up to noon of Saturday, 9th May.

Plans etc., may be seen on and after Thursday 30th inst. Lowest or any tenders will not be necessarily accepted.

JOHN TEAGUE,
Architect, Government Street.

TO FARMERS

WITH SMALL CAPITAL

TO BE LET FOR TWELVE MONTHS, AND if approved a lease will be granted, a Farm 8 miles from town; superior advantages; first-class land; extensive buildings, &c. Apply by letter to W. B.,

mar12 Drawer 29, Post Office, Victoria.

BEN. C. PETTEGRELL. J. E. McDONALD.

THE

ELECTRIC FAMILY SOAP!

Made at the

Victoria Soap Manufactory,

ON YATES STREET, NEAR DOUGLAS, IS second to none for all general household uses. It will save more than half the labor of washing, and does the work complete without the use of raw soda or ammonia, which takes the life out of clothes and is so much used with common brown or rosin soap.

We have now placed our soap with nearly all the grocers in the city, with full instructions on the wrapper, and ask for it a trial. We guarantee it in all respects to the extent of a return of the purchase price if any person can show that we have misrepresented it in any particular.

J. E. McDONALD & Co.,
ap30 P. O. Box 235.

LOOK!

SOLD CHEAP!

AT LUXFORD'S NURSERY

All kinds of Pot Plants, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Tomato Plants, &c.

Sold also by J. Rowbotham & Co., corner Pandora and Douglas streets, and O. Giles and R. Savory, Yates street. ap30-12t

SWAMP ANGEL'S

RHEUMATIC

CURE

IS THE ONLY KNOWN SURE CURE for Rheumatism in all its forms. In forty-eight hours one bottle of this wonderful medicine will

ABSOLUTELY CURE

The worst case of inflammatory rheumatism. Healthy, dealing, non-irritating, thoroughly democratic, delicate, beautiful disease vanishes before it like magic. 'Tis a Divine gift to man. Its qualities are harmless and in them are combined nature's most powerful curatives. Hundreds of our best citizens testify to its curative powers. Try one bottle.

Sold by all First-class Druggists.

If you cannot get "Swamp Angel's Rheumatic Cure" of your druggist we will send it (express paid) on receipt of price, $1 per bottle.

"Medicinal from the combined assays of 'Swamp Angel,' by the

S. A. R. R. MANUFACTURING CO.,
Agents Seattle, W. T.

WANTED.

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, three insertions, 50 cents; six insertions, 75 cents.

WANTED—Two or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping for young man; and wife. Address DOMESTIC,

my2-3t TIMES Office.

WANTED—Four good carpenters; none but first class workmen need apply to

my1-3t SUPERINTENDENT Victoria Theater.

WANTED—A lady of experience desires a situation as working housekeeper. Address

ap28-6t HOUSEKEEPER, TIMES Office.

WANTED—New comers and old residents to know that they can obtain new milk by the glass, pint or gallon; fresh butter, cooked meats of all kinds, ham cut for sandwiches, English pickled pork, pure lard, fresh sausages daily, groceries, vegetables and fruits of every description; garden plants, flowers and seeds of every variety; B. C. Cider Co's cider in any quantity, at W. J. SAVORY'S, (late Temple Store) Yates street, between Broad and Douglas Sts. fe28

WANTED—New comers and others wanting rooms, to enquire at W. J. SAVORY'S store Yates street, between Broad and Douglas.

WANTED—Persons having rooms to rent to enquire at W. J. SAVORY'S store, Yates street, between Broad and Douglas. fe28

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS Cash. A small business for sale. Address,

BUSINESS, TIMES Office. ap11-1m

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT.—Furnished rooms to let by the day or month. Apply to Mrs. Cushman, over Smith's Cracker Bakery, Fort street. jl-1m

FOR RENT—Furnished rooms to let, on the sunny side of the street, for ladies or gentlemen, or for housekeeping; all conveniences. Fourth house from Iron Church on Pleasant St., between Douglas and Blanchard. my1-4t

PERSONAL.

PARTIES SEEKING INVESTMENT IN CITY or Country property, will make money by calling on the undersigned, who is practically acquainted with all the best locations.

REGINALD NUTTALL,
fel8 Real Estate Agent,
Pemberton Block, Yates St., Victoria.

ANY PERSON knowing anything of the whereabouts of one F. J. Sargent, who, it is supposed, was formerly employed on the pilot boat Mary Taylor, and who is supposed to have left this city about nine months ago for Port Townsend, will oblige by sending such information to THE TIMES Office.

MEETINGS.

BLUE RIBBON CLUB.

AN ENTERTAINMENT IS GIVEN AT TEMperance Hall every Saturday evening. Good Temperance speakers and Musical Selections, with Recitations, forming a good programme. The Blue Ribbon Band will be in attendance. All are cordially invited. Chair taken at 8 o'clock precisely.

HENRY RUDGE, President.

THE Y. W. C. T. U. OF VICTORIA MEETS every 2nd and 4th Monday in each month at Temperance Hall, on Pandora st., at 7.30 p. m. A good programme and sociable time at every meeting. Strangers cordially invited. ap8-tf

Perseverance Lodge No. 1, I. O. G. T.

MEETS EVERY TUESDAY EVENING AT Temperance Hall, Pandora street, at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

MIDWIFERY.

MRS. McGREGOR, MIDWIFE, RECENTLY from Halifax, N. S. Diploma and highest testimonials of proficiency from the University of Edinburgh. Calls promptly attended to. Residence, corner of Douglas and Cormorant street, over Gosnell's grocery store. fe14

LOWENBERG, HARRIS & CO.,

Real Estate Agents.

PURCHASE, SELL AND LEASE PROPerty, collect rents, make loans on mortgage and transact all business relating to

REAL ESTATE.

Maps showing the various districts on the Island and Mainland, the situation of desirable City Lots, Homesteads, Gardening and Farm Lands, can be consulted at their office. fel2

DOGS AND FOWL.

GEORGE A. FERRIN, winner of Prize and Cup, has been appointed agent for E. A. Turner, Seattle, W. T., importer and breeder of Partridge Cochins, Houdans, Buff Cochins, White Faced Black Spanish, Brown Leghorns, White Leghorns, Dark Brahmas, Light Brahmas, Langshans, Plymouth Rocks, Golden Polish, Silver Polish, Black Breasted Red Games, White Crested Black Polish, Wyandottes, B. B. R. R. G. Bantams, S. L. S. Bantams, G. L. S. Bantams, Rouen Ducks, Toulouse Geese, Bronze Turkeys.

Dogs—Scotch Collies, (Shepherds) and other dogs. Address G. A. FERRIN,

jel5 P. O. Box, 546, Victoria, B. C.

Land Registry Ordinance 1870.

Section 3, North Range 2 East.
Section 5, North Range 3 East.
North Saanich District.

WHEREAS, THE CERTIFICATE OF TITLE of John Pierce to the above mentioned sections, bearing date the 30th day of August, A. D. 1883, has been lost and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, notice is therefore hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

CHAS. JAS. LEGGATT,
Acting Registrar General.
Land Registry Office, Victoria, 30th March, 1885.

For Sale on Easy Terms

THE NURSERY, GARDEN & STOCK IN TRADE OF

H. MITCHELL,

Whose health compels him to seek a change of climate. The Property is situated on the corner of Menzies and Niagara streets, and consists of two acres of first-class land, on which is a good dwelling house, stable, piggery, chicken house, sheds, business office, green house with a full head of city water, and a well of pure drinking water.

Separate tenders are invited for the nursery, stock and plant, to be removed by end of November.

Address

H. MITCHELL,

ap30-dw2m Menzies St. Victoria, B. C.

QUEEN'S MARKET

GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

L. COODACRE,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

BUTCHER.

Contractor by appointment to H. M. Victoria's Royal Navy.

Shipping Supplied at Lowest Rates.

TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Rumors of Peace From Russia—The Afghans Enraged at England.

Special Session of the British Cabinet this Evening.

The British Minister and Sir Peter Lumsden's Important Dispatches.

Agreement Between England and Turkey—Occupation of the Soudan.

Special Dispatches to THE TIMES.

Rumors of Peace From Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 2.—The German Gazette states it is credibly informed that peace is now assured. The present diplomatic action of England is a retrograde movement which she seeks to take as decently as possible. The Gazette in commenting upon this information expresses itself as skeptical about the situation being so favorable for peace as indicated.

Enraged Afghans.

LONDON, May 2.—A dispatch from Tirpul, dated April 23d, says that the Afghans are enraged against the British, and accuse Sir Peter Lumsden of deserting them as the Russians did in 1878. An Afghan member of the frontier commission has made a protest in which he says that it was shameful for the British to encourage the Afghans to resist the Russians at Penjdeh and afterwards refrain from rendering them any assistance.

Chartering Vessels.

LONDON, May 2.—The Admiralty authorities have chartered altogether 140 merchant vessels of various rigs. They have also made arrangements with the Peninsular Company for the conveyance to India by steamers of troops to strengthen the Indian garrisons. The first contingent will start next Wednesday. The steamer State of Nebraska has been chartered as an armed cruiser, and steamers Pelican and Duke of Devonshire as troop-ships. Reserves who are going to India have been ordered to be in readiness in a fortnight.

Sisters of Charity.

ST. PETERSBURG, May 1.—Seventy Sisters of Charity have been ordered to join Gen. Komaroff's army to aid in caring for the wounded. Of this number 30 will go from St. Petersburg, 25 from Moscow and 15 from Odessa.

Treaty With Austria.

LONDON, May 2.—The Government have been in confidential communication with Austria respecting the policy of the latter in the event of war between England and Russia.

A Disabled Steamer.

LONDON, May 2.—The steamer Abyssinia, from Liverpool, April 27th, for New York, before reported returning disabled, has arrived off Holyhead this morning.

The London Money Market.

LONDON, 1 p. m. May 2.—Yesterday being the quarterly settling day, no business was done on the Exchange. Consols closed Thursday night at 95 1-16. In view of the feeling prevailing now that peace is more probable than war, consols opened this morning at 96 for both money and account, in a few minutes advanced to 96⅛. At 12.30 o'clock they were 96 1-16, and have now fallen back to opening price. Russian securities closed Thursday night at 85½, and opened this morning 3½ points higher, at 89.

Japanese Village on Fire.

LONDON, 2.30 p. m. May 2.—Tannakers, the Japanese village which has been on exhibition for some time past at Albert Gate, Hyde Park, is on fire and burning forcibly. The village consists of five streets of houses and shops, constructed and peopled by Japanese, who were to be seen engaged in their various occupations as if in their own country.

LATER.—The Japanese village is entirely destroyed. The soldiers are aiding the firemen in their efforts to save property, and keeping back the immense crowd that fills the surrounding streets.

The Stock Market.

LONDON, May 2, 4 p. m.—Stocks and home and foreign funds are active and very firm.

Special Meeting of the Cabinet.

LONDON, May 2.—6 p. m.—A hastily summoned Cabinet Council is being held this evening. It is said important telegrams received from Sir Peter Lumsden, and the British Ambassador at St. Petersburg, were the cause of the speedy summons of Ministers to Council.

England in the Soudan.

LONDON, May 2.—The publication of the report that an agreement has been concluded between England and Turkey, under terms of which the former power secures the free passage for her ships through the Dardanelles in the event of war with Russia and the Porte secures the occupation of the Soudan by way of Suakim and the restoration of the Island of Cyprus in five years from date, caused some concern in English diplomatic circles. Many politicians affect disbelief of the report on the ground of the excessive consideration given England. The report, however, emanates from a source which has been found to be generally reliable. The report is published to-day in several papers.

Movements of the Queen.

DARMSTADT, May 2.—Queen Victoria and the Princess Beatrice have started for Rome.

Indian Troubles in Alaska.

WASHINGTON, May 2.—Lieut.-Commander Nichols, commanding the U. S. S. Pinta, writes to the Navy Department from Sitka, Alaska, under date of March 31st, and says in part the Chilcats are somewhat uneasy, and say they will have no more white men among them. They have threatened white men, but have committed no overt act, and probably will not, though they have not the fear of the name of war. That some of the tribe have, owing to the fact that their village is about twenty miles above the river bar, and is only passable by canoe.

EGYPTIAN AFFAIRS.

The Blunders of 1882—Lord Wolseley—Bad Flour.

Mr. Charles Bradlaugh recently delivered an address at Peckham, England, on the mismanagement of the army in Egypt. Amongst other charges made he said "It seemed a shocking thing that soldiers should be sent out to fight and that they should be absolutely destitute of food and supplies, although from this country enormous quantities had been sent. He could only speak of the campaign of 1882 as yet, because there had been no investigation into the commissariat arrangements of the present Soudan war. Dr. Cameron was trying to get particulars, but he found officials preventing his obtaining them. It had been said that he (Mr. Bradlaugh) was making attacks upon officers of unblemished reputation, but he made no charge but what was corroborated by the report of the Parliamentary commission. Of course it was extremely difficult to get evidence of what was happening; they could only get evidence of what had happened; but he would assure them that similar blunders were now being made as those in 1882.

THE BLUNDERS OF 1882

were not investigated until 1884, the evidence was not printed until July, and the report was not distributed until late in August or early in September. He would not discuss as to whether or not the war ought to have taken place, but if there was war care should be taken that the things ordered and paid for for the troops should reach them. He would charge the authorities with the grossest mismanagement in providing transport, and he would remind his hearers that only a fortnight ago they were told that the men in the Soudan were suffering from that cause, and that the waterskins provided for the soldiers on the march would not hold water. He would also charge criminal neglect as to the quality of food supplied, and would tell them that some of the food sent out was unfit for use, and that a large quantity never reached the troops. Why, even the Canadian boatmen who had just gone home had grumbled at the food being bad, and he had a right, and was but doing his duty, in demanding an explanation. Many of them knew that when Lord Wolseley went out to Egypt in 1882 Ismailia was decided upon as the base of operations; but there was no landing stage there, so one was made at Woolwich at an immense cost. Lieut.-Colonel Simmons told the Parliamentary committee that he and his men went to Woolwich in order to become familiar with fitting the parts together, and that he left in a quick vessel in order to arrive before the other

SHIPS CONVEYING THE SOLDIERS.

He did so, but on his arrival the Admiral had no instructions to admit the vessels, and it had to keep out until the orders arrived, but the landing stage did not get there until 14 days after the troops. (Shame.) Worse than that when the big shears for lifting the heavy weights was made at Woolwich it was found that the vessel that was to convey it was too small, so only one half of the machine was taken, and that being, of course, useless, laid rotting in the sand at its destination. Pumps were sent to transfer water from the tanks, but they were quite unfit for use, and never worked. Medicines and supplies intended for the troops arrived too late, and, in fact, the conduct of the authorities in every way was criminal. All the wagons that were sent from England were useless, the wheels sinking into the sand because of their narrowness, and as a consequence men were kept without food.

WHAT SAVED OUR TROOPS FROM DEFEAT,

however, was the willingness of the men and their not having to fight a desperate foe. But he asked them to consider what would be the result now the troops were fighting against a brave enemy. They were told that on one occasion a train was sent to the troops in which there were large quantities of provisions, but in consequence of heavy machinery being placed on top of them they were utterly spoiled, and General Beevor's men, for whom they were intended, ran the risk of starvation. A large supply of groceries were sent off on board the Amethyst, and when the vessel got to Ismailia it took five days to find them, and then they were put in some railway tucks, and never got at until after the war. Some of the things that were done were extraordinary. A pharmacy wagon was sent out, but it got lost, and Mr. Hampton in the Parliamentary report says it was buried amongst the flour.

THE FLOUR SENT OUT

was quite unfit for food. If the sacks were taken off it stood up just like plaster of Paris; and General Adey himself admits that out of 10,000 sacks only 3000 were fit for use. But General Morris says that so far as he and his officers could judge all the flour was not only bad, but had never been good. Then a number of mules were bought at an average price of £27 apiece, and they were told that good mules could have been got at from £10 to £12 each. But what we bought were not good. Out of 2,614 mules 758 were utterly unfit, 289 arrived after the war was over. The best ones were resold at prices averaging from £2 2s. to £4. The question, he contended, was not a party one. He was debarred from personally bringing the subject before the House of Commons, so had tried to get members to take the matter up. But he could not. Dr. Cameron was the only one to fight the battle in the face of every opposition from both sides of the House. Once he (Mr. Bradlaugh) got inside the House he would insist upon this matter being dealt with. More men were dying from that cause than by the hands of the Arabs. Mr. Bradlaugh concluded by moving—"That this meeting protests against any further hostilities in the Soudan, and requests the government to at once withdraw the troops," which was carried unanimously, as was also a resolution to forward a copy of it to Mr. Gladstone.

The President has appointed Henry P. Kernochan of Louisiana to be naval officer at the Port of New Orleans, and Cornelius Schenck, of Oregon, to be appraiser of merchandise in the district of Willamette, Oregon.

The Countess Gladys of Lonsdale will be married to Lord De Grey—provided she breaks the habit of discarding her engaged lovers early in July. Betting at the London clubs is about even on the engagement before that time going the way of the others she has made.

Sir Leonard Tuffnell's health at present is such as to cause alarm. He is absent from the House of Commons.

ON THE WAR PATH.

Forces In the Field—The First to Open Fire.

Position of the Rebels—Hopes for Peace—Riel's Prisoners.

THE DUCK LAKE FIGHT.

The Hudson Bay post was burned on the 14th by the rebels. The loss on buildings will be about $30,000, which the Dominion Government will doubtless be called upon to pay, and in addition the cost of the stores which the rebels removed before burning the buildings. We have had a plethora of scouts from up the country lately, and among others one Drain, who was in the Crozier fight of the 25 ultimo. Beanly, it is much to be regretted, was not killed, Little Chief, one of his principal braves, being the victim of Joe McKay's rashness, while attempting to wrest William McKay's life away. The Royal troops fired first, the Volunteers obeying Maj. Crozier's order too willingly, since they attempted to advance over the snow-covered plain only to stumble and fall, offering a fair mark to the half-breeds and Indians who were perfectly concealed behind the mounds and trees in front. Of the ten men killed and left on the field, seven were shot through the heart, and lungs, and this is attributed to Grabiel Dumont, who is known to be an unerring rifle shot. Riel's side (who numbered it is now believed, but twenty-five or thirty all told) lost five killed. The dead were carried to the church at Batoche's and Riel sent word to the police that he would allow of the removal of the bodies and insure the removers of immunity from harm. He was taken at his word and kept it. Sanderson, one of the wounded, fell into the hands of the Indians, and was to have been tortured to death, but Riel intervened and saved the man's life. Whether the insurgent chief can continue thus to control his red allies, especially the Teton and Prince Albert Sioux (refugees from Minnesota since the massacre of 1862) is a question. Evidently the people of Prince Albert don't believe it, for the women and children there are in a state of abject terror, and a few nights ago when a false alarm was given the scenes in the settlement are reported as indescribable. Naturally this has hampered Irvine, but he will be called upon by Middleton to explain why he has remained inert to a degree which has prevented him from giving any valuable or truthful information to the General commanding.

FORCES IN THE NORTHWEST.

A somewhat rough calculation is here with given as to the strength of the forces in the Northwest. The list embraces those under arms and en route or to be at once equipped and sent forward.

Northwest field force	800	Ninth infantry	240
Queen's Own	270	Seventh infantry	240
C company (divided)	80	Col Strange's force	250
B battery	115	Col Stewart's force	250
York Rangers	252	Mounted Police	
Col Williams' forces	240	(available for field	
Col O'Brien's force	240	service)	250
Col Smith's force	120		
Col Scott's force	400		
Sixty-fifth infantry	240	Total	4,280

Auxiliary to these are twelve rifled guns, of which four are the Abyssinian mounted pattern, seven-pounders, light and portable (something similar to the United States Hotchkiss) so constructed as to use, if needed, a fourteen-pound double cannon shell, and eight nine-pound rifled muzzle-loaders, Woolwich make, above described.

FIRST TO OPEN FIRE.

The Scotch company of the Ninetieth, commanded by Capt. Clarke, was the first to fire and to receive a volley from the rebels, who numbered about a hundred. Capt. Clarke was the first to fall, badly wounded. Then Corporal Maclin dropped dead, killed by a bullet. Private Ferguson was next to fall, and quite a number were badly wounded. Two minutes after Gen. Middleton rode up his cap was pierced by a bullet from a rifle in the hands of a sharp-shooter. Capt. Wise, whose horse was shot from under him, was badly injured in falling.

The column under Middleton, which advanced on the east bank and met the rebels, numbered five hundred men; and Riel evidently brought on the fight, choosing wisely to fight the Canadians in detail rather than to wait for a consolidation of the forces. The plan of Middleton's campaign was to advance on Riel at Batoche, on the east side of the river, while Col. Irvine, with a force of mounted police from Prince Albert, was to attack him in the rear; but Riel did not wait for this to be carried into effect, and Irvine does not appear to have arrived in time to carry out his part of the general plan.

THE REBEL'S POSITION.

Riel is on the east bank, principally with his force, but there is a rope ferry at Batoche's (pronounced Ba-tosh's), and communication between the opposite sides is easy and frequent. Batoche's was chosen because it is the center of the half-breed settlement, both as to population and political power. The houses of the "breeds," as they are called for convenience, are all on the river bank and can readily be reached by projectiles in a day or two.

Why Riel or the Indians, or both, allow the telegraph line to Battleford to remain intact, is another of the mysteries of this queer campaign. The authorities at Ottawa and General Middleton believe that Riel gets valuable information from the wires, and it is certain that a discharged operator is somewhere in this vicinity, having visited Riel after losing his place at Prince Albert.

HOPES FOR PEACE.

It is said Riel hopes to treat, and his sending three representatives to the commissioners at Fort Qu'Appelle looks a little that way. But Middleton is very outspoken in his views and says: "I didn't come to bring peace, but the sword," and that he will treat the rebels as rebels and not as belligerents.

RIEL'S PRISONERS.

The seven prisoners still in durance are now confined in what is known as the post-office, a building near the east terminus of the ferry, and a prominent target for artillery were it not that the prisoners are supposed to be the only innocent people in the place. However, shrapnel is not a respecter of persons, and those without guile may have to suffer with the guilty. Of course it must never be forgotten that the whole boiling of rebels may skedaddle at the approach of the troops, and if they really want to go they can, and thrice the force at Middleton's command could not prevent them.

"YOU SHALL BE SHOT IN THE MORNING"

seems to be a favorite phrase with the North-western Parliament. This was his answer to Tom Scott at Fort Garry. Now he whiles away the tedium of time for his prisoners by announcing to them daily that this time they shall surely die. As his prisoners believe him half crazy, they don't get used to this "quirp and merrie jest," not knowing when insane love of terrorism may overcome all scruples and the order be executed forthwith. Two brothers, Kerr by name, were sentenced and would very probably have been shot had they not effected their escape from the church in which Riel then confined his prisoners. They were closely pursued, but were not captured.

THE BATTLE AT BATOCHE'S.

The following are the latest particulars of the engagement at Batoche's on the morning of the 24th: The right column on the east bank of the river found the rebels this morning at 9:15. The rebels advanced from the ravine and fired on Boulton's scouts. The fire was at once returned and the rebels, mounting their horses, returned to the ravine, in which they lie concealed, only rising to fire at the troops, who immediately advanced in skirmishing order. The enemy was attacked from both flanks, but so well chosen was their battle ground that apparently they were out of any possible danger of the volunteers' rifles. A battery could not at first reach them, but getting a favorable location shelled their position, previously having demolished two houses in the distance at which reinforcements for the rebels were waiting; but by this time the rebels had retired to a small post in the woods, from which they were dislodged. They moved toward our regiment, our left having in the meantime made the enemy retire. Then came fighting at close quarters, the combatants being only thirty or forty yards apart. The fight throughout was a bush one, the half-breeds and Indians

LYING CONCEALED IN THE BLUFFS

or hidden behind trees, keeping up a hot fire with deadly effect. Commencing at 9:15 a.m., the hum of the bullets could be heard and the ball of the shot gun whistled through the air. The first under fire were members of Boulton's cavalry; but No. Six Company of the Ninetieth soon advanced to their aid, and C Company, School of Infantry, took the right flank. A hot combat ensued, nearly all firing while in a prostrate position. While the gallant voluntgeers were falling pierced by rebel balls, the war whoop of the Indians would be heard as they rallied to the fight. A desperate fire was kept up for over an hour, when only occasional bullets came from Riel's ranks. After a short cessation the enemy recommenced firing. At 1 o'clock the prairie was on fire. This was soon extinguished, however. The Indian style of fighting was indulged in, and the large number of casualties showed that the Indians were no foe to be despised.

RIDDLED WITH BULLETS.

Frank Smart, who was killed while scouting, a few miles from town had his body, riddled by bullets. Smart was a native of Glengarry, Ont., and leaves a wife and one child.

A GENERAL OUTBREAK FEARED.

It is now known that should the forces in the field meet with any decided reverse or palpable check, all the Indians would spring into revolt, and one of the most notable of the savage wars of the century be inaugurated. In this revolt the American Indians would participate if they could, and would surely sympathize. The situation in the seventies would probably be reversed and the Canadian Indians, defeated or driven from positions north of the boundary, would flee south thereof for aid and comfort among their native brethren on the United States reserves. Of course tribal hatreds would militate against any regular alliance, but the tribes would have a common enemy—the whites.

THE QUESTION OF FORAGE.

There is no disguising the fact that the food and forage question is a serious one. Forage is being bought from the settlers along the river, and $60 per ton for hay is not an unusual price, while oats are absolutely ungettable. Of food, the latest report from Capt. Underwood shows three and a half days' rations for the present force. From 400 to 500 wagons are en route, but the bottom is disappearing from the roads and the transporting teams are so long en route that they use up nine tenths of the forage before reaching camp. Our mess yesterday paid $1 for half a telegraph pole, and this was all the fuel obtainable to cook supper. The weather, or rather the wind, continues to be bitterly cold, and the clothing of the troops is not as good at it should be; so you see this is not a picnic.

DISPATCHES IN HIS BOOTS.

Recently a Government scout was captured by the half-breeds, who were unable to find his dispatches. They called upon Riel, who asked time for consideration, after which he told his men to pull off the scout's right boot, cut open the inner sole and find the dispatch. It was a good guess or a case of collusion, since the dispatch was found in the location specified.

CAMPAIGN ITEMS.

With Prince Albert, Battleford, Fort Pitt and adjacent settlements to be relieved, it can be readily imagined that the forces in the field will have something to do, even supposing the half-breed insurrection is squelched without loss of time or men.

The arrival of police at Battleford was the signal for unbounded enthusiasm. The Battle river has yet to be crossed. The bridge has been taken up and a scow is used for the purpose. A portion of Otter's command will, it is understood, be sent to Fort Pitt.

Despite their discomforts, the men continue cheerful. Almost everybody has a bad cold and a touch of rheumatism, but they don't go on sick reports and the march from Fort Qu'Appelle will long be quoted as marvelous, in military circles cognizant of the facts.

England and Turkey.

LONDON, May 2.—An agreement has been concluded between the English and Turkish Government by which the latter will allow vessels of the former to pass through the Dardanelles in the event of war with Russia. In return for this favor Turkey will be allowed to send an expedition to occupy the Soudan by way of Suakim, and England will restore Cyprus to Turkey at the end of five years and guarantee the integrity of the states to the Porte.

A RESCRIPT has elicited from JAY GOULD the fact that he is not by any means a luxurious liver, preferring plain food. That may be true, but we have understood that in the matter of "stock" he has a decided penchant for having it well "watered."

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, May 2, 1885

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Address, THE TIMES PUBLISHING CO., Victoria, B. C.

J. C. McLAGAN, Manager.

ANOTHER BLOW AT OUR RIGHTS.

The city members have not had the courtesy to send THE TIMES a copy of the new Franchise Bill. A copy, however, has been procured. Already our Ottawa correspondent has given the most important changes and measures of the Act. In all the other provinces, except British Columbia and Prince Edward Island, the franchise has been extended. In this province, many who have hitherto voted for Ottawa representatives—a right we enjoyed by the terms of Union—are hereafter to be deprived of that which they claim as their birth-right. The qualification here has been manhood suffrage. It was acceptable to our people. The terms of union gave us a certain number of representatives, and we are decidedly of the opinion that our people are the best judges to determine who shall be called upon, or are entitled, to vote. There is many a man in the Province who contributes yearly from $60 to $100 to the Dominion treasury, by way of taxation and duty, who, hereafter, will find himself unable to have anything to say as to whether he considers the affairs of state to be honestly managed or otherwise. We have preferred manhood suffrage. It has been tested and found to answer our wants. What reason can be advanced that a number of our bread-winners should be struck off the rolls, while in other provinces additions have been made? An eastern journal truly remarks: "What right have the people of Ontario or of Quebec to say who shall elect the representatives whom British Columbia sends to the House of Commons? What do we in Ontario know of the circumstances and condition of the population of British Columbia? If they were fit to be taken into the union, they surely were fit to decide for themselves who should be electors. We know this, that manhood suffrage offers less chance of manipulating the vote, and offers less chance for fraud, than a more restricted franchise. In the case of manhood suffrage there is nothing to inquire into except whether the party is a British subject, whether he is 21 years of age, whether he is a continuous resident of the particular locality in which he seeks registration by entry on the voters' list. We say they are not sufficiently well informed. The only parties who can fairly do this are the people of British Columbia themselves, and they do so through their Provincial Legislature. The people of British Columbia have hitherto had manhood suffrage. They have decided themselves that they prefer it. This was the rule when they came into the union. This has continued to be the rule ever since. But SIR JOHN MACDONALD called upon the 92 members of Ontario and the 65 members of Quebec to vote that British Columbia shall have a different qualification."

Surpassing strange as it may appear when amendments were proposed, for which many eastern conservatives voted, the British Columbia representatives voted unitedly for this Irish injury and injustice to be inflicted on us. Their constituents will now anxiously await an explanation.

THE BRITISH PACIFIC FLEET.

In the event of a declaration of war between England and Russia the protection of this Province and the British merchantmen in the American portion of the Pacific ocean would at once demand the attention of the home Government. At present it is reported that there are 46 British ships in San Francisco harbor and about an equal number on their way thither from all parts of the world. The Pacific squadron embraces the war ships Constance Heroine, Mutine, Pelican, Sapphe, Satellite, and the Swiftsure, which is the flagship of Rear Admiral J. K. E. Baird, now in Esquimalt harbor. Together they mount 58 guns. The Satellite is the only vessel in the North Pacific. She is armored. A number are on their way northward to this coast, so that in a few weeks we will be perfectly safe against injury from any intruder.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

THE TIMES' dispatches yesterday from Paris announced the fact that in the event of war the Suez Canal congress, which has been in session in that city for several days considering the disposition of this valuable waterway in the case of war, is to be dissolved immediately in the event of such a calamity taking place. Said Pasha in granting concessions to Ferdinand DeLesseps stipulated the obligation that the canal, when constructed, should be open at all times to the craft of the world without any distinction. It would very naturally be inferred that such a stipulation would control the congress in its deliberations. As usual, Russian influence has been at work to secure the closing of the canal in the event of war with England to both belligerents. To this England will never consent, as the canal is her military highway to India, which she would keep open for her own use, at all hazards, and, if necessary, by the free use of her navy. The value of the Suez canal to commerce is suggested by the fact that on an average ten ships a day pass through it, and the receipts in tolls are about $1,000,000 a month. When it was opened in 1869 the canal had cost nearly $100,000,000, but it has been a paying investment. England's stake in it, aside from its importance to her as a route to India and Australia, is an interest to the extent of nearly half the shares, which Disraeli purchased in November, 1875, for $20,000,000. England receives nothing from the earnings up to 1894, but she gets from the Egyptian government 5 per cent on the purchase money of her shares. That is a very potent reason for her interference in Egypt, aside from the fact that English money lenders have loaned Egypt about $280,000,000., a portion of which was used to aid in the construction of the Suez canal. Of course the interest of England in the canal is further increased by the fact that from 80 to 85 per cent of the tonnage passing through it is British. The French interest is pecuniarily large, but commercially insignificant compared with that of England. Russia is very slightly interested commercially in the canal. She would, of course, like to destroy it in case of war with England, or at least have it closed to English ships as well as her own. The British Government will doubtless make ample provision to keep the canal open for the navy and transports, even if commerce may be temporarily impeded.

THE London *Truth* thinks that QUEEN VICTORIA has gone to Aix-les-Bains for medical treatment, and that the denial of the Court Circular is proof only of the aversion of the royal family to be thought ailing. The *Truth* says that the late DUKE OF ALBANY was several times on the very brink of the grave when the papers were being instructed to state that he was perfectly well, and the PRINCE CONSORT was practically a dead man when the news of his illness was communicated to the public, for his case was hopeless before the first bulletin appeared.

THE HON. PETER MITCHELL, who claims to be the leader of a party of which he is the sole and only representative has lately been showing slight symptoms of independence, and administering some wholesome advice to the premier. His organ, the Montreal *Herald*, claims that "he, no doubt, voiced the feeling of many members on the Government side of the House who are growing restive under the one man power which takes so little thought of their wishes, opinions and interests."

THE Volunteers in the Northwest are enduring unheard of hardships A soldiers life in time of war is not one of ease or comfort. That is part of their calling With volunteers it is different. Those stationed at Winnipeg have been caught in rainstorms, their tents and camping grounds so completely flooded that for many days they were drenched to the skin. Already cases of sickness are reported and a few deaths resulting from such exposure.

In the words of the London *Times* "while the actual position of the controversy between Great Britain and Russia remains thus concealed, we can only affirm once more our conviction that should the nation be forced into war, the crisis will be faced with a spirit, and endurance and resolution which will convince foreigners, when, perhaps, it is too late to preserve the peace of the world, that they again misread the English character."

MR. GLADSTONE is said to be in a painful state of nervousness, caused by the present delicate condition of the Afghan affair, and is anxiously begging members of parliament not to hamper the government by interrogations either as to that or the Soudan muddle. The premier realizes that Russia watches every word uttered by the ministry, and seems to be only too ready to seize an opportunity for taking offense.

THE London *Times* in giving its opinion on the Northwest insurrection says that the offer of the Dominion to raise an auxiliary force to assist the Home Government would, in existing circumstances, cripple the strength of the colonists, but it hopes they will find that they have mistaken the temper and miscalculated the resources of Canada.

WHEELY business on the north shore of Lake Superior must be a lucrative one as $24 per gallon is the price paid, at which figure it is in brisk demand.

It is rumored that EARL DUFFERIN will resign if MR. GLADSTONE makes further concessions to Russia.

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For rates or information apply to J. ENGELHARDT, Agent, Turner's Wharf.

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WELCH RITHET & CO., Agents.

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Nanaimo & Intermediate Pts	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Comox			7 A. M.			

FRASER RIVER ROUTE.

FROM VICTORIA FOR	MONDAY.	TUESDAY.	WED'SDAY.	THURSDAY.	FRIDAY.	SATURD'Y
Ladner's Landing, New Westminster and Pt Hammond	7 A. M.		7 A. M.		7 A. M.	
Plumper Pass	7 A. M.				7 A. M.	
Grassy b. Moody's b. Pt Moody			5 A. M.			
Chilliwhack	7 A. M.				7 A. M.	

NOTE—Freight for Hope, Yale and Points in the Interior must be shipped via Port Hammond. Shippers are requested to mark weight on each package.

For Burrard Inlet Ports—Steamer Otter, Capt. Gardner, will leave C. P. N. Co.'s wharf, every Tuesday, at 5 o'clock a. m.

No freight will be received after 5 p. m.

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Department of the Interior.

BOARD OF EXAMINERS FOR DOMINION LAND SURVEYORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A meeting of the Board of Examiners for Dominion Land Surveyors will be held at Victoria on the Eleventh May, Eighteen Eighty-five.

Candidates desirous of presenting themselves before the Board will please give notice of their intention to R. S. Roebuck, Secretary, office of the Dominion Government Agent.

Any person who may show to the satisfaction of the Board that he has practiced as Provincial Land Surveyor in British Columbia before the first of January, Eighteen Eighty-five, shall be entitled to the privilege granted by clause ninety-five and sub-clause two of the Dominion Lands Act.

This privilege shall not be granted at subsequent meetings of the Board. Copies of the Dominion Lands Act may be had on an application to Mr. Roebuck.

E. DEVILLE, Surveyor General, Chairman. ap20

SPRING RACES

MAY 22nd AND 23rd,

VICTORIA DRIVING PARK,

CADBORO BAY ROAD.

Running and Trotting Races

FOR GENEROUS PURSES.

Particulars in Bills. ap24

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Or BOX 500, VICTORIA, P. O.

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THIS COMPANY RECEIVES PARCELS Packages, Papers, Money and other Valuables for safe keeping for any period of time from one day and upwards.

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Entrance on Front Street, through Merchants' National Bank.

AUCTION!

LILLOOET DISTRICT PROPERTY.

In the matter of the estate of Henry Featherstone, deceased, and in accordance with the Intestate Estate Ordinance of 1868, and in pursuance of an order of the Hon. Mr. James Crease, dated 1st October, 1884, I have been instructed to sell by auction at my salesroom, Victoria, on MONDAY, the 18th day of MAY, 1885, at 11 a. m., all the right, title and interest of the deceased Henry Featherstone in the following described property, viz: Block 4, lot 9 in town of Lillooet, having 58 feet frontage by whole depth of the lot, with all buildings thereon; block 4, lot 8, having 18 feet frontage by full depth, with all improvements thereon; block 4, lot 10 having 47½ feet frontage by a full depth of lot.

LYTTON.—Block 9, lot 8, town of Lytton, with all improvements thereon.

Particulars can be obtained from J. C. Prevot, Esq., Victoria, or Casper Phair, Esq., Lillooet.

G. BYRNES, Auctioneer. ap17

Findlay, Durham & Brodie,

VICTORIA, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

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Slee, Slee & Co's Vinegar,
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Carriage Makers

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GOVERNMENT STREET,

Between Johnson and Pandora Streets,

VICTORIA, B. C.

JOSEPH SEARS,

PAINTER, GLAZIER

—AND—

PAPER HANGER.

Yates St., above Government.

The Daily Times.

Victoria, Saturday, May 2, 1885

For City and Provincial News see fourth page.

BY THE GATE OF THE SEA.

A NOVEL.

By DAVID CHRISTIE MURRAY.

Happily for most of us, the world is too much with us to allow us to develop to complete fullness of eccentricity. Transplanted to Jupiter, the human race might find elbow room enough to grow into a huge asylum of, crazy humorists; but our crowded civilization acts upon us as close shelter acts on the trees in a plantation—the outer lines grow a little twisted, perhaps, but in the middle of the wood the stems are straight and uniform. Tregarthen, in his island castle off the Cornish coast, was still a little sheltered. By-and-by a shelter he had not hoped for began to grow about him.

The blustering spring had passed, and here was a lovely day in mid-June, with a sky of sapphire, a sea of sapphire and pearl, and a breeze of warm spice and balm. Tregarthen wandered, smoking and lost in idle meditation, to the cliffs on the right side of the sea-gate, and there cast himself full-length on the warm turf amid herbage. The splendor of the day was nothing to him just then; and though his bodily eyes took cognizance of one of the finest reaches of rock-bound coast England can show, he had no conscious pleasure in it. He pulled his soft hat over his eyes and surrendered himself to his pipe and his dreams. Everything was wonderfully still. He could hear the plash of the waves on the rocks below, though he gave no heed to it, and the intricate murmurs of many insects mingled drowsily with the voice of the sea, as though they were of equal volume with it. Tregarthen's dreams, under these conditions, grew more and more dreamy; his fancies, like the sounds about him, became dim and confused. Anything was welcome to the domination of his mind at such a moment, and a certain idle rhythm in the fall and rise of the waters down below did well enough to think about.

He was certainly not quite wide awake, and he was just as certainly not quite asleep when a vision dawned upon him. Two or three vilely-painted trees fluttered on a ragged canvas and limited the forest of Arden. A dowdy female and a melancholy male in a fool's cocoomb walked before the painted cloth, and libeled Celia and Touchstone. Then suddenly came into sight a radiant creature, and a voice spoke in tones which blended resignation and fatigue with something almost jesting—"Oh, Jupiter, how weary are my spirits!" This voice was so near and clear that it awoke him and brought him bolt-upright, sitting in the bracken. There was a sound of laughter and voices on the little strip of sand below, and moving to the edge of the cliff, he looked over.

In fine summer weather it was a common thing for people to row across from the main-land and picnic on the island. Tregarthen's forbears had permitted this, and Tregarthen himself had never felt an objection to it until now. It may be allowed that, at the same moment at which he found himself interrupted, his studies were not of the most exigent sort, yet his first thought was that the presence of these intruders, and their like would be inimical to study. Then he regretted the loss of his dream, and blamed the intruders for breaking it, though the dream itself had awakened him.

His half slumber had lasted for so short a space of time that the pipe he held between his finger and thumb still sent up a streak of faint blue smoke. He stuck it between his lips again, and had turned to ramble homeward when the voice of his dream spoke in his waking ear and stayed his footsteps.

"That is Miss Churchill, the actress," he said to himself. "There is not another voice like that in the world, I should fancy. I should know it among a thousand."

Since the night on which he had earned his own ruin by rebuking Colonel Pollard for his story of the actress he had scarcely thought about her, but he felt a curious pleasure and interest now in the belief that she was near. In a measure his short-sightedness he had a very definite idea of what she was like. It seemed to him that he could summon her face before his mind's eye quite clearly, and, as he saw it, it was worthy of her name and her voice. He confessed to himself that he would like to see her nearer at hand, and to know how far her mind corresponded to his own impressions of her genius as an actress. It could not be difficult to devise a means of seeing her, or even of speaking to her, seeing that she was actually a trespasser upon his ground. He thought, however, of a score of devices, none of which commended themselves to him, and as he thought he strolled toward the spot where the gradual rise of the sands and the more precipitous fall of the cliff brought the two upon a level. This spot was about midway between high-water line and the gates of the old mansion, and he reached it almost at the same moment with the visitors to the island. He heard the sweet voice talking again, and was more than ever persuaded that it belonged to Miss Churchill.

He polished his eye glass in readiness to observe, and before he himself was seen he had secured a good look at every person in the little party. The lady with the sweet voice was tall and graceful, but her face was not the face of his memory. Compared with that memory the face was plain, though few people would have expressed so unfavorable a judgment had they but looked at it by itself. The eyes, of no particular color, were large, intelligent and sympathetic; the lips were beautifully alike in form and expression; the brow was broad and white. The skin was pallid, and the hair, like the eyes, was of no particular color. Perhaps the want of definite coloring was the chief fault of the face; but, be that as it may, it was thrown back, for whatever beauty or charm it claimed, upon expression. There was no chance of finding out all these things at a look, and Tregarthen was only conscious of a disappointment. The face was not the one he remembered, nor anything like it; and there might be two voices alike in the world after all.

He was a little embarrassed for a moment, even though he stood on his own ground and the new-comers were strangers and intruders, for the lady looked at him when once she had felt his glance and regarded him with a curiously candid and unaffected gaze, much more like that of a child than a woman. Before Tregarthen's sense of embarrassment became overwhelming, one of the lady's male companions stepped forward with a somewhat overwrought flourish of politeness.

"I believe I have the pleasure of addressing Mr. Tregarthen!" Tregarthen bowed, and the stranger flourished his hat to his head, and flourished his handkerchief out of his pocket. "I have not the honor of being personally known to you, sir, but my father was your respected father's solicitor—Mr. Penruth, of Gorbay. I have dared to trespass in order to oblige these ladies and gentlemen with a sight of Tregarthen Castle."

"I remember your father, sir," said Tregarthen, a little scarcely, "and you are quite welcome here." It was strange, he thought, that in so little a while his absence from the common haunts of men should have so far unfitted him for society. "If your friends would care to see the interior of the house I shall be happy to admit them. Pray introduce me."

Mr. Penruth was obviously delighted, and was honored by Tregarthen's affability. The last representative of the great local family was not rich, as the times go, but he had a background; a fact to which people who have no background are apt to attach a superstitious value. The solicitor flourished through the introductions, and caught no name until he faced the lady he had supposed to be Miss Churchill.

"Miss Farmer," said Mr. Penruth—"Gorbay's chief ornament—Mr. Tregarthen.

The girl flushed at this for a moment with a look of anger, but she bowed to Tregarthen as if he had been a squire of low degree and she a princess. It crossed him that she was not so plain as he had fancied. Mr. Penruth was persuaded that he had said the right thing in the right way, and got through the remaining introductions with increased ease and glibness.

"If we may have your permission to visit the castle," he began, when the ceremony was over—Tregarthen cut him short with a dry "Certainly," and fell into talk with the lady of the voice. She seemed chary at first of letting the voice be heard, but by-and-by, at the sight of the picturesque old ruins and remnants of Tregarthen's house, she warmed. The dim family portraits, the arms and armor, the black oak of walls, ceilings, and furniture delighted her, and she took no less interest in the gray walls from which trees sprang, the broken arches and window spaces opening on blue air, in what had once been the family stronghold. In a case like this it is perhaps less important to note what a charming woman says than how she says it. Her commonplaces were commonplace enough, but they dropped on Tregarthen's ears so pleasantly that he would rather have listened to them than to much learning and wisdom.

She was charmingly dressed in a fashion which is now deservedly stigmatized as ugly. Tregarthen thought he had rarely seen anything so dignified yet so gentle as her carriage, and the singular, soft fascination of her voice grew upon him more and more.

When the rounds were finished the host proffered to his guests some slight refreshment, which the Gorbay solicitor, in behalf of self and friends, declined with many flourishes of humility and gratitude. Tregarthen saw nothing for it but to permit them to retire, though he would willingly have detained one of them a little longer. When they had gone, the young gentleman was guilty of what he felt to be a meanness. He stationed himself at his bedroom window, and thence, by means of a single-barreled opera-glass which had belonged to his mother, he kept the lady of the voice in sight until she and her companions had entered the boat in which they had arrived, and the little vessel, being pushed off, disappeared behind the cliffs.

Tregarthen did not resume his studies that evening with anything like his customary gusto. A commoner malady than the old one had clapped him on the shoulder. His books lay spread about his library table, and now and then he fingered the leaves of one or another of them, and even read a passage in which he found no meaning. That was not at all an uncommon thing at the best of times, but it generally arose from the fact that there was no meaning to be found, whereas now the main reason was that he brought no understanding to his reading.

CHAPTER IV.

The plain English of the matter was that Tregarthen had fallen in love, though only in an experimental fashion. He was not yet beyond all chance—nobody ever was, as the result of a single interview—but a longing was upon him to see more of the woman who had so much interested him, and he walked into bondage with his eyes open. Even thus early he guessed what was the matter with him.

"I must know more of her," he said. "A man must be a poor creature who allows himself to go down before a pair of expressive eyes before he can guess whether there is a soul behind them or not."

The young man set forth deliberately in quest of Miss Farmer's soul with intent to examine into the matter. He found the slightest difficulty in obtaining a second introduction to the lady, and it was managed to look accidental and unseen. Gorbay was not a big place, nor had it many people of importance among its boundaries. The importance of people is not determined, to themselves, by the estimation in which they are held by others, and the inhabitants of Gorbay were as much interested in their own affairs as if they had all been dukes and duchesses—a provision of nature without whose operation things would be extremely dull for most of us. When Tregarthen, whose seclusion had been a good deal talked about, began to make visits to the main land, and to cultivate the small gentry of the town, the unfavorable opinions which had been formed of him melted and disappeared. The Tregarthens had always been so far above the professional people and the small, retired capitalists of Gorbay, that the condescension displayed by this latest scion of the house was the more remarkable and the more valued.

There were people who could tell him all about Miss Farmer's simple and uneventful history. He learned that she was the daughter of the Vicar, and except for the time she had spent at school, and a term of eighteen months passed in London, was literally Gorbay. She passed there as being learned beyond the rights of woman, but that was the only fault that anybody found with her. The Vicar, nearly three years ago, about the time when Tregarthen had been awaiting his commission, had departed this life, leaving two daughters very ill provided for. Miss Farmer had thereupon gone to London, and had there made a living for herself and her younger sister, it was believed, by writing for the magazines. Certain poems and stories bearing her name had reached even to Gorbay, and there was a general belief there that in the outer world she was famous. But an uncle in the North—the Farmers were northern people, it appeared—had died two years later than his brother, the Vicar, and had left to Miss Farmer funded moneys to the value of some five hundred a year. On this she kept house in modest and elegant comfort, and the return of the elder girl had been welcomed by all who knew her. The younger had been put to school during her sister's absence, and was now finishing her education at Bonn.

There is not much out of the common in this narrative to anybody who does not happen to be in love with Miss Farmer, or strongly inclined that way. But to Tregarthen the story seemed one of heroism and sorrow, and he thought he could see already some of those inward qualities of which he desired to assure himself. The daughter of a clergyman is conventionally a gentlewoman, and he was already persuaded that Miss Farmer possessed all desirable womanly qualities when he met her for the second time. They had talked commonplaces at their first meeting and had been aware of the fact. They talked commonplaces now and did not know it, because they spoke of books and art, and nobody believes that so far one can talk commonplaces upon those inspiring themes. Miss Farmer's soul declared itself more and more freely to Tregarthen's attentive observation, and he was more and more convinced that it was of the right quality and pattern.

The young man had taken apartments for the rest of the summer season at "The George," and Gorbay knew by this time in what pursuit he was engaged. Mr. Tregarthen rambled much in the pleasant fields beyond the town, and Miss Farmer, who had a taste for botany and some little knowledge of the science, was indefatigable in exercise. The two young people met on most days, and the little sister was old enough to play propriety, and—which was perhaps of some importance—was old enough to know when she was not wanted. Any wanderer in lovely places, who was rewarded for a race which at least took this sensible child round a corner of the lane in which her sisters strolled.

To be Continued.

"TULIPS BLOOMING IN THE SNOW."

["R. R." in The Century.]

Tulips blooming in the snow,
Snow-wreaths melting in the sun,
Sunbeams dancing to and fro,
Glowing clouds when day is done—
These are like you, every one,
You splendid, vivid, sanguine one—
Red-lipped, red-cheeked, dark-haired, dark-eyed,
And everything that's cool beside.

How Roller-Skates Consume Boxwood.

[New York Paper.]

"In less than one year the price of boxwood has trebled," said a hardwood dealer in Center street. "The roller-skating mania has completely exhausted the market of a certain size of boxwood. Less than eighteen months ago I could sell a ton of three-inch boxwood for $38, and it would be first-grade wood in every respect, and admirably adapted for turning small work. The demand then was steady, and the principal consumers of the wood were rule-makers, tool-manufacturers, and turners who supplied the market with boys' tops, pool-pins, and toys of various kinds. The sudden and remarkable growth of the roller-skating pastime has created a constantly-increasing demand for a certain size of wood, and now it is impossible to purchase a ton of suitable wood for skate-wheels for $120.

"Has nothing been tried which gives promise of superseding boxwood?" asked the reporter.

"Yes—rubber, celluloid, rawhide, vulcanized fibres, and compressed paper have been tried in making rollers, but for one reason or another they have proved unsatisfactory. Some have proved too soft, while others, like the pure celluloid wheels, have been found too expensive for general sale, and the necessary metal bushings have proved objectionable, because the grit and dust from the floor and the shoes of the skaters, wearing between two metal surfaces, has rapidly cut away the axles of the skates. Rollers with anti-friction bushings, consisting of a number of small steel plugs freely revolving around the axles, have been tried with some composition wheels with success, but they are necessarily very expensive, and on this account cannot come into general use."

"Will no other wood than boxwood answer?"

"Only for very cheap skates. Dogwood, apple, pepperidge, laurel and lignumvitæ have been tried by almost every roller-maker, and all have been rejected. The lignumvitæ alone is hard enough, but it will not stand the strain of the small axle. Metal wheels with a rubber surface are made, but nothing has yet been found which in all respects is as good for the purpose as boxwood."

Odious Custom of Gift-Making.

[Louisville Courier-Journal.]

In modern times every conceivable occasion is grasped by some gift-making. Holidays, birthdays, wedding anniversaries, promotions, election to office, departures, and almost everything else must be celebrated in this way, and it is this which has made the custom an odious one.

A gentleman was talking on the subject a few days ago.

"Do you know," said he, "that many a man in this city has been compelled at times to rob his family of some needed comfort in order to keep up with his fellow-employes in gift-making? Well, it is a fact, and to say the least of it, a shameful one. A dozen men are employed in a store, and some event in the life of their employer makes recognition and remembrance on their part essential—not justly so, but still they must not appear piquunish, and a present is decided upon, and each fellow assessed enough to make in the aggregate the sum required to purchase it. Some of these men have families which they find it a hard matter, on small salaries, to provide for. These $2 or $3 or $5 taken from their purses are needed at home, doubtless, but still they have to give it up to pamper the pride, I say, criminal custom, or be called niggardly and maybe, if their stinginess becomes known to their employer, incur his displeasure and lose their places.

"Do you think any man would be mean enough to discharge an employe because he refused to rob his children for such a purpose?

"Do I? Well, I should think so. I know of instances where men have been given to understand that they were expected to contribute, and, failing, would have to look for work elsewhere. It is this system of robbery which has made gift-making so pernicious. The worst feature is that it is growing steadily, until now some men can scarce turn around without expecting some one to give them something."

Water in the Desert.

[The Century.]

It follows naturally that when undertaking a journey through the desert, the paramount question is water. A supply must be carried sufficient to last to the next well, be it one or five days distant. It is usually carried in goat and ox skins suspended from the camel's pack-saddles. These are the water bottles of Scripture, which become leaky from wear and always lose a considerable portion of their contents by evaporation. The first thing after reaching a well is to ascertain the quantity and quality of its water. As to the former it may have been exhausted by a preceding caravan, and hours may be required for a new supply to ooze in again.

As to the quality, desert water is always bad, the exception being when it is worse, though long custom enables the Bedouins to drink water so brackish as to be intolerable to all except themselves and their flocks. Well do I remember how at each well the first skinful was tasted all around as epicures sip rare wines. Great was the joy if it was pronounced "moya helwa," sweet water, but if the Bedouins said "mooh tayib," not good, we might be sure it was a solution of Epsom salts. The best water is found in natural rocky reservoirs in deep narrow gorges, where the sun never shines. As to "live springs," I never saw more than half a dozen in 6,000 miles' travels.

Government Hospitals for Consumptives.

[Dr. John T. Nagle, Deputy Register Statistics.]

Government hospitals, for the treatment of persons suffering from consumption, ought to be established at military posts in Texas, Colorado and southern California, where the conditions of altitude, mild temperature, and dryness of the air are unexcelled. Such stations of observation ought to be under the supervision of the national board of health, in order that the best possible use could be made of the information which might be obtained. It is probable that valuable discoveries regarding the nature and progress of consumption would be made if physicians were constantly observing cases of the disease under favorable conditions. Consumption is such a scourge to humanity that any means of abatement cannot be considered too expensive.

Not Jay, but Jayson.

[Cor. Chicago Tribune.]

Speaking of great men, I am reminded of what I was told not long ago by a cousin of Jay Gould. Gould's name is not Jay, but Jayson. In all the accounts I ever read of the man I never saw this stated.

In a Paris Restaurant.

Customer—Waiter, I can't get on with this lobster; it's as hard as flint.

Waiter—Beg pardon, sir—a slight mistake. That's the papier-mache lobster out of the show case. Shall I change it?

[Inter Comic.]

Edison's electric pencil, since during the day and transmits business at night. Just like the newspaper enterprise that the newspaper man does not sleep during the day.

Loss and Gain.

CHAPTER I.

"I was taken sick a year ago
With bilious fever"

"My doctor pronounced me cured, but I got sick again, with terrible pains in my back and sides, and I got so bad I

Could not move!
I shrank!

From 228 lbs. to 130! I had been doctoring for my liver, but it did me no good. I did not expect to live more than three months. I began to use Hop Bitters. Directly my appetite returned, my pains left me, my entire system seemed renewed as if by magic, and after using several bottles, I am not only as sound as a sovereign, but weigh more than I did before. To Hop Bitters I owe my life." R. FITZPATRICK.

Dublin, June 6, '81.

CHAPTER II.

"Malden, Mass., Feb. 1, 1880. Gentlemen—I suffered with attacks of sick headache."

Neuralgia, female trouble, for years in the most terrible and excruciating manner.

No medicine or doctor could give me relief or cure, until I used Hop Bitters.

"The first bottle
Nearly cured me;"

The second made me as well and strong as when a child.

"And I have been so to this day."

My husband was an invalid for twenty years with a serious

"Kidney, liver and urinary complaint.

"Pronounced by Boston's best physicians—

"Incurable!"

Seven bottles of your Bitters cured him and I know of the

"Lives of eight persons"

In my neighborhood that have been saved by your bitters.

And many more are using them with great benefit.

"They almost
Do miracles?" —Mrs. E. D. Slack.

HOW TO GET SICK.—Expose yourself day and night; eat too much without exercise; work too hard without rest; doctor all the time; take all the vile nostrums advertised, and then you will want to know how to get well, which is answered in three words—Take Hop Bitters!

☞ None genuine without a bunch of green Hops on the white label. Shun all the vile, poisonous stuff with "Hop" or "Hops" in their name.

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Stock Brokers,
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STOCK BOUGHT AND SOLD AND CARRIED on margin.
Money to loan in large and small amounts on Mining Stocks. Stocks paid for the same day as sold. Assessments paid and dividends collected without charge.
Special attention given to all orders from the country. oc9-3m.

Only "PEBBLE" Establishment.
1868 1884
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SPECIALTY FOR 33 YEARS.
The most complicated cases of defective vision thoroughly diagnosed, free of charge. Orders by mail or express promptly attended to.
Compound Astigmatic Lenses Mounted to Order. Two Hours' Notice.

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SAW COMPANY.

Manufacturers of
SPAULDING'S
Inserted Tooth
AND
CHISEL BIT
CIRCULAR
SAWS.
THIS SAW NEVER CLOGS
or chokes in the cut, it is a free and easy cutter, frees itself perfectly in all kinds of lumber.
The big Never warts loose
IT REQUIRES NO SKILL
to keep the saw in order. Anyone using the old spoiling tooth can use these bits by sending their saws to us and having the bit holders fitted into the sockets.
SAW MILLS AND MACHINERY
of all kinds made to order. Send for descriptive catalogue. 17 and 19 Fremont Street, San Francisco.

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GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA, B. C.
DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN GOLD, SILVER and U. S. Currency. Interest paid on the same on time deposits.
GOLD DUST & U. S. CURRENCY
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Sight Drafts & Telegraphic Transfers
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Available in all parts of Europe, England Ireland and Scotland.
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FAMILY GROCERIES
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Every article for hotel, boarding house or private family use.
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Johnson Street.

HOWSE & RICKMAN,
LAND SURVEYORS,
Real Estate Brokers,
ACCOUNTANTS, Etc., Etc.
FRONT STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.
Opposite C. P. N. Co's wharf
P. O. Box 81.

GEORGE VIENNA,
DEALER IN
GAME, FISH, FRUIT,
Vegetables, Etc.
Victoria Market, Government Street
Two Doors North St. Nicholas Hotel
VICTORIA, B. C.
All kinds of Game, Fish, Fruit, etc., kept constantly on hand in season, and delivered free of charge. (1)

J. ENGLEHARDT,
CUSTOM HOUSE BROKER,
SHIPPING, COMMISSION & GENERAL AGENT,
BOOK-KEEPING DONE BY DOUBLE AND SINGLE ENTRY. Books and accounts carefully kept by the day, week or month.
AGENT UNION COAL YARD.
OFFICE—S. E. corner Wharf and Fort sts. ap8-1m

Municipal.

$20 REWARD

Will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of parties who are in the habit of cutting or otherwise defacing the seats on the grounds at Beacon Hill.

By order of the Mayor and Council.

JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.

City Hall, 10 h April, 1885. ap10

NO. 115.---A BY-LAW.

WHEREAS, IT IS EXPEDIENT TO amend the Officers Remuneration By-Law, 1884;

Be it therefore enacted by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, as follows:

1. That so much of schedule A of the said By-law as relates to the remuneration of the Park Keeper, shall be, and the same is, hereby amended so as to read: "Park keeper at the rate of $25 per month."

2. This By-law may be cited as the Officers Remuneration By-law 1884, Amendment By-law 1885.

Passed the Municipal Council the 1st day of April, 1885.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council this 8th day of April, A. D., 1885.

(L. S.) R. P. RITHET.
JAMES D. ROBINSON, Mayor.
C. M. C. ap9

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Residents are hereby notified to remove all rubbish which they have deposited on the public streets; in default the provisions of the By-Law relating thereto will be enforced, and any other infractions of the By-Law will be dealt with in a summary manner.

By order of the Mayor and Council.
JAMES D. ROBINSON,
C. M. C.

City Hall, 8th April, 1885.

A BY-LAW

To Enable the Corporation of the City of Victoria to Raise the Sum of $70,000 for Water Works Purposes.

WHEREAS IT IS EXPEDIENT TO RAISE a further sum of money for the purpose of extending the Water Works, constructing reservoirs to ensure a more certain and equitable supply of water to all parts of the City, for carrying on the said Water Works upon such a scale as may be necessary to furnish an adequate supply of fresh water to the increasing population of the City; for the greater protection of the City against fire, and for other purposes in connection with the said Water Works.

And whereas it is estimated that the sum of $70,000 will be required for the above named purposes;

And whereas it is desirable and expedient that the above named sum of $70,000 should be obtained in the manner hereinafter mentioned;

and whereas the amount of the whole taxable property of the said Corporation, according to the last revised assessment roll,—that is, the assessment roll for 1883, was $2,002,925;

And whereas the sum of $6,372 yearly will be required to create a sinking fund for the due repayment of the said principal sum of $70,000 and interest thereon, as hereinafter mentioned, to provide which an additional annual special rate of 3-20 of one cent in the dollar will be required.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of the said City to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, or body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of $70,000, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Corporation for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures, for not less than $500 each, to be made for such sums of money as may be required for the purposes of the said loan, and all such debentures shall be sealed with the common seal of the said Corporation and signed by the Mayor.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable in thirty years at furthest from the day hereinafter mentioned for this by-law to take effect, at the office of the Treasurer of the said Corporation and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of the interest.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly, at the office of the said Treasurer.

5. For the purpose of forming a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and the interest to become due thereon, an equal annual rate of 3-20 of one cent in the dollar shall in addition to all other rates be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all rateable property during the continuance of the said debentures, or any of them.

6. Section 3 of the Victoria Revenue By-law, 1881, is hereby amended by striking out the words "eight-tenths" and substituting the words "eleven-twentieths."

7. It shall be lawful for the said Corporation, from time to time, to repurchase any of the said debentures, and all debentures so repurchased shall be forthwith cancelled and no reissue of debentures shall be made in consequence of such repurchase.

8. This by-law shall take effect on the first day of June, 1885.

9. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as the "Water Works Loan By-Law, 1885."

Passed the Municipal Council this fifteenth day of April, A. D. 1885.

TAKE NOTICE!

That the above is a true copy of the proposed By-Law upon which the vote of the Municipal electors will be taken at

The Police Barracks for Yates Street Ward.
The Council Chambers for Johnson Street Ward.
The Hook and Ladder House for James Bay Ward.

On the 5th day of May, A. D., 1885, and the Polls will be open from the hour of nine o'clock a. m., and four o'clock p. m.

JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.

City Clerk's office, 17th April, 1885. ap18

No 116--A BY-LAW.

Respecting the Fire Limits, Wooden Buildings, and the Storage of Hay and Straw.

IN AMENDMENT OF THE EXISTING BY-Laws be it enacted by the Mayor and Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. Section 2 of "The By-Law for Prohibiting the Erection of Wooden Buildings, 1879 Amendment By-Law 1882" is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following substituted:

"2. That portion of the City of Victoria which is contained within the limits hereinafter described namely—commencing at the north-west corner of lot 127, thence running easterly along the northern boundary of the said lot to Store street, thence easterly across Store street in a straight line to the centre of Fisguard street thence easterly along the centre of Fisguard street to the centre of Douglas street, thence southerly along the centre of Douglas street to the centre of Courtenay street, thence along the centre of Courtenay street to the northeast corner lot 6, thence along the northern boundary of lot 6 to the shore of Victoria Harbor, thence along the shore line of Victoria Harbor to the point of commencement,—is hereby declared to be within the Fire Limits of the said city."

2. No addition to or alteration of any wooden building within the said Fire Limits shall be made.

3. No building other than with main walls of brick, iron or stone, and roofing of incombustible material, shall be erected or placed within the said Fire Limits.

4. It shall be lawful for the Mayor and Council of the said city to authorize by resolution any officer therein named to pull down or remove any building which shall have been constructed or placed in contravention of this By-Law; and all expenses reasonably incurred in pulling down or removing any such building shall be repaid by the owner or owners thereof to the Treasurer of the said Corporation, and shall be recoverable with costs in a summary manner before the Police Magistrate or any other Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction within the said city.

5. In this By-Law the word "building" shall not apply to any shed within the curtilage of another building and used exclusively for the storage of fuel for consumption in such other building, such shed not exceeding ten feet by twelve feet in superficial linear measure and ten feet in height, nor shall it apply to any shed erected or to be erected wholly on or over the wooden piles of a wharf on the water front; but no shed shall hereafter be erected on any wharf within the said Fire Limits other than with roofing of incombustible material.

6. The quantity of hay or straw or hay and straw permitted to be stored or kept for sale or use in any building within the Fire Limits shall not exceed the following, namely:

For every Livery or Hack Stable, 15 tons.
For storage or sale, 15 tons.
For private consumption, 2 tons.

7. Every By-Law or portion of a By-Law which is inconsistent with any provision of this By-Law is hereby repealed.

8. This By-Law may be cited as the "Fire Limits and Wooden Buildings By-Law 1885."

Passed the Municipal Council the 8th day of April, A. D. 1885.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 22nd day of April, 1885.

(L.S.) R. P. RITHET, Mayor.
JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C. ap23

NO. 117---A BY-LAW

To Amend the Buildings Removal By-Law, 1884.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE MAYOR AND Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. Section 2 of the Buildings Removal By-Law, 1884 is hereby amended by striking out the word "Application" in the first line and substituting the word "applicant" therefor, and by striking out "$5" and substituting "$10" therefor.

2. Section 4 of the said By-Law is hereby amended by striking out the words "one hundred" between the words "least" and "dollars" and substituting the words "two hundred and fifty" therefor, and by striking out all the words after the word "dollars."

3. Section 5 of the said By-Law is hereby amended by striking out the words "any person moving" at the commencement thereof, and substituting the words "every person who has obtained permission as aforesaid to remove."

4. The said By-Law is hereby further amended by inserting therein the following clause as section 6 and by striking out the figure 6 and substituting the figure 7 at the commencement of the section now numbered "6. Every permission to remove any building as aforesaid shall state the number of days within which such removal is to be effected; and every person to whom such permission shall have been granted who shall fail to complete the removal therein sanctioned within the time therein limited therefor shall forfeit and pay to the Treasurer of the said Corporation the sum of $10.00 for each and every day or portion of a day that he shall be in default in the premises, and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Mayor or a majority of the Street Committee of the Council of the said City to cause the building to be removed from any street or public thoroughfare and all costs and expenses attending such removal shall be repaid by the owner or owners of such building to the Treasurer of the said Corporation and shall be recoverable with costs in like manner as any penalty incurred for the breach of a By-Law.

5. This By-Law may be cited as "The Buildings Removal Amendment By-Law 1885."

Passed the Municipal Council the 8th day of April, A. D. 1885.

Reconsidered and finally passed the Council the 22nd day of April, 1885.

(L. S.) R. P. RITHET, Mayor.
JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C. ap23

Municipal Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that after this date, Wood Roofs will not be allowed on brick buildings within the Fire Limits.

By order of the Mayor and Council,
JAMES D. ROBINSON, C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, 24 April, 1885. ap24

IMMIGRATION.

PARTIES WISHING TO BRING OUT their friends from Europe, can do so on the lowest rates, will save money by purchasing tickets from

HALL & GOEPEL,
GOVERNMENT ST., VICTORIA.
Agents for Atlantic Steamship Lines and Grand Trunk Railway of Canada. fe9

London & Lancashire
FIRE INSURANCE CO.
FUNDS - - - $9,260,000
The General Agents in Victoria, B. C., have full power to accept risks, issue policies and adjust losses without reference to head, or any other office.
ROBERT WARD & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
WHARF STREET - VICTORIA
General Agents for British Columbia.

PORTLAND ADVERTISEMENTS.

MILLER & WEST,
Commission Merchants
IN GENERAL AND DAIRY PRODUCE,
111 Front St., bet. Washington & Stark
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Agency for the Celebrated Rochester, Minn., "Crescent Creameries" Butter and Cheese.
A full supply of the celebrated Brooklyn Mills Flour.
Consignments solicited and returns promptly made.
Flour, Feed, Hay, Grain, Potatoes, Butter Eggs, Cheese, Dry and Fresh Fruits handled.
J. C. MILLER. WILL H. WEST.

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47 Taylor Street, Between Second and Third.
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CLEANING, SCOURING AND DYEING in all its branches. Fancy Dyeing a specialty. Gents Clothing and Feathers cleaned and dyed. Gloves cleaned. Satisfaction guaranteed.

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BE CAREFUL
To have your Baggage Checked
ON LANDING AT PORTLAND IN-
quire for the agents of the
TELEPHONE 1030 UNITED
CARRIAGE-BAGGAGE TRANSFER CO.
PORTLAND, OR.
OFFICE, S.W. COR. SECOND & STARK STS.
THEY TAKE BAGGAGE TO ALL Hotels, also check baggage at any hotel, residence, or at the office of the Company.
To all points on the O. R. & N., N. P. R. R. or O. & C. R. Lines, and no charge for checking.
Their Schedule of Carriage Hire is very moderate to any part of the city, and their driver are respectful to their customers.

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When you wish to smoke ask your dealer for the famous
KICKER CIGAR.
TO THE TRADE.
When ordering "The Kicker" address either
WILZINSKI BROS. & CO.
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BUSINESS EDUCATION.
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ASK YOUR GROCER FOR
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The Only Flour that has taken First Medal at Mechanics' Fair Three Years in Succession; also First Prize at State Fair.
All Respectable Grocers and Dealers Keep It.
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Portland Office, Morrison street wharf, P. O. box 728.

Murphy, Grant & Co.
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SAM LOWENSTEIN, Pres. WM. KAPUS, Sec'y
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Furniture Manufacturing Company.
Offices and Salesrooms Nos. 208 & 210 First St. Factory Los. 209 & 211 Front Street.
PORTLAND, OREGON.
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OREGON MILLING CO'S
ROYAL FLOUR.
Got two Premiums at Mechanics
THE BEST IN THE MARKET
Sold by all Leading Grocers
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PORTLAND, OREGON

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Taken in the Northwest are done at
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Children's Likenesses a Specialty

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Importers and Wholesale Dealers in
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
PROPRIETORS OF
SUNSET BROOM FACTORY.
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
BRUSHES.
18 and 20 FRONT STREET
PORTLAND, OREGON.

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MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.
OF CALIFORNIA.
ORGANIZED UNDER THE LAWS OF CALIFORNIA, and is the strongest Life Insurance Company doing business on the Coast.
A. McKINNIE, Secretary.

FIRST CLASS IN EVERY RESPECT.
ST. CHARLES HOTEL
THOS. GUINEAN, Proprietor.
Corner Second and Alder Streets,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Free Coach to and from the Hotel.

The Daily Times.

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON EXCEPT SUNDAY.

Victoria, Saturday, May 2, 1885.

TO-NIGHT.

Blue Ribbon entertainment at Temperance Hall.

Meeting on Chinese matters at the City Hall.

CITY AND PROVINCE.

—The Columbian is strongly opposing the issue of Sunday newspapers.

—"Jumbo" and partner will be moved to Bay street on Monday morning.

—An entertainment will be held in Temperance Hall by the Blue Ribbon Club.

—Mr. Byrnes, auctioneer, sold to-day one cab and two hansoms. The former brought $625.

—Geo. Vienna has furnished his fish and fruit store on Government street with a handsome marble stand.

—Flour has advanced from 50 to 75 cents per barrel in the city, owing to an advance in the price south of the line.

—The Victoria brass band played several pieces of music to-day at the Adelphi corner and then went to the Roller Coaster.

—The meeting to ask for the immediate enforcement of the Chinese Act will be held at the City hall to-night. All interested should attend.

—Mrs. Jones, an ordained Baptist minister from Puyallup, W. T., is in the city, and on Sunday evening will preach in Temperance Hall.

—Messrs. Munro Miller and Howell have secured the exclusive privilege of placing show cards and advertisements in the C. P. N. Co.'s steamers.

—Dr. Milne announces that he has removed his office and residence to the corner of Douglas and Broughton streets, formerly the residence of Dr. Powell.

—If the plan of blowing up an old hulk, on the 24th, should be carried out as announced, it will be one of the most attractive features of the celebration.

—Steamer Evangel brought the following from the Islands: Mrs Walch and two children, W F Izett, Mr Davis, Capt Wells, B Merdhust, Wm Cunningham, John Kernan.

—Strangers visiting the Mainland in search of town property, timber limits, or farming lands, should call on Rand Bros., real estate brokers, New Westminster, B. C.

—Mrs. Whitlaw, Fort street, has received a complete assortment of the latest styles in hats, millinery, etc. Her stock embraces the latest and most fashionable styles.

—Capt. H. Lott has taken command of the Evangel in place of Capt. H. F. Beecher. The Evangel will remain on her old route for the present, arriving here on Saturdays and Mondays.

—The "house-cleaning" at the city hall will greatly improve the appearance of the various rooms, and add to the comfort of officials and the public. It is being repainted and renovated throughout.

—There are over 50 men in the employ of the corporation at present. Of these 24 are employed in blasting rock and the water works department, and the balance are working on the streets.

—The U. S. Coast Survey steamer Patterson, the arrival of which was mentioned yesterday is at Esquimalt. A steam launch arrived from her to-day and took Mr. Eddie Marvin out to lunch with the officers.

—The following were amongst the Louise's passengers this afternoon: Miss McKenzie, Mrs Milroy, Mr W Charles Capt Conrali, J B Ferguson, Bodwell, Dodd, Barns, Johnston, D McNaughten, Newman, Lenz, H Morey, Gordon, Thain and others.

—Messrs. Sullivan & McTague, Duck's Building, Johnson street, have on exhibition in their shop, a fine sample case of horse shoes manufactured by themselves, which undoubtedly take the prize. They are the finest and best finished shoes we have yet seen.

The Truth About the Use of the Hall.

Councillor Robertson in a communication to the Colonist of this morning states "I notice the EVENING TIMES denies that Councillors Ward and Grant voted against the use of the City Hall being granted to the citizens for the purpose of holding a meeting on the Chinese question. Councillor Ward moved that the application be laid on the table; Councillor Grant seconded it. I moved in amendment that the request of the citizens be granted, which was carried, Councillors Ward, Grant and Earle voting against it." We feel sure that Councillor Robertson would not make any such a statement, unless he thought he was correct in doing so. As a matter of fact Councillor Robertson is mistaken. If he will enquire of the clerk of the Council he will at once set the matter right. The "Post" is also at fault, when it reports that "Councillor Ward moved, seconded by Councillor Grant, the communication be laid on the table." That paper does not wish, we are sure, to misrepresent any one, which in this case has happened. When the Colonist states that a motion made for a communication to be laid on the table virtually kills it, the least that can be said is that we did not for a moment give the Colonist credit for such ignorance. The fact is when a document is "laid on the table" by motion it is competent for any councillor to call it up for consideration any time during that, or any other meeting, when another subject is not under consideration.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Robt. McLean, Esq., M. P. P., is a passenger on board the Queen of the Pacific.

Messrs. D. H. Ross and Geo. H. Maynard will arrive by the Queen.

Mr. W. Charles returned to-day from the Mainland.

Mr. J. B. Ferguson was a passenger to-day on the Louise.

E. J. Lanning, representing the famous Red Crown Flouring Mill of Albany, Oregon, is in the city.

New Methodist Church.

At the District meeting of the Methodist Church, held this week, arrangements were made for the formation of a new congregation in the northern portion of the city, where a church will be erected at once. Rev. J. W. Dowler, of Ladner's Landing, will remove to Victoria and become pastor of the new congregation. This step is taken in consequence of the increased numerical strength of the Methodist Church and the constantly increasing size of the city.

The Churches.

The Rev. Mr. Powell, of Nanaimo, will conduct services in the Methodist church to-morrow morning, and the Rev. Coverdale Watson, of New Westminster, in the evening.

Go to Carrington's for Foster's celebrated glove cleaner.

THE TOWN OF FARWELL.

Railway Construction—Time Check Scalpers—Whiskey Bummers Navigation, Etc.

[From Our Special Correspondent.]

FARWELL, April 29, 1885.

Railway construction is progressing rapidly in this neighborhood. Grading is so far advanced that in a few weeks we expect the rails will be laid in this town. The bridge across the Columbia is being pushed forward with vigor. The structure when completed will be a substantial one.

The men who went on strike a short time since have all returned to work, the arrearages in the earnings having been paid up. Many lost heavily by the company not being able to pay promptly, as having their families in the east depending on them for a livelihood they were compelled to sell their time checks to scalpers at reductions, varying from twenty-five to fifty per cent., so hard pressed were they for funds.

Several "whiskey jumpers" who have been following the camps from the east were lately captured by the mountain police and taken under their surveilance. In order to defeat the Public Works Act they resorted to the plan of putting up liquor in cans resembling preserved fruit and canned meat. The quantity captured at various points in value amounts to a few thousand dollars.

The growth of this town is truly marvellous. A few months ago it was a howling wilderness, the home of the bear, wolf and other kindred animals. To-day it is a bustling town of at least three hundred inhabitants, the major portion of whom are from the east. There are several families who have come here to reside, handsome young women thoroughly cultured and educated in the work of domestic housekeeping.

Steps have already been taken to build a Presbyterian Church, as a large number of the present inhabitants belong to that body. A public school is likewise talked off.

The "Kootenai," the pioneer steamer of the upper Columbia, will make regular trips every four days between Farwell and the Little Dalles, where she was built. The latter place is in the Colville district, 16 miles south of the boundary line and 208 miles from this town. This will be the route over which much of our future supplies must come as it is the only navigable stream running into American territory west of Winnipeg. Already the railway supplies from Portland are arriving via Spokane Falls, as well as Sand Point, on the N. P. R. We can import this way very much cheaper than via the Fraser river and the C. P. R.

—Onderdonk route. The course he is pursuing in heavy charges must be hurting Victoria's trade. What is your Board of Trade doing in the matter?

Farwell is certain to become the centre of a vast lumbering trade, from which all the surrounding camps will draw their supplies. The quality of the timber for lumbering purposes is all that can be desired, and the supply such as will last for many years. The means of transportation will be by land and water.

I counted on Monday no less than sixty buildings erected or nearly so, and many more in course of completion. The scenery is very grand and the location all that could be wished for.

Officer Kirkup, well known in your city and in the Yale district, is acting as Constable and collector of taxes for the Provincial Government here. He is very popular, and in the discharge of his duties incurs the ill-will of no one.

Frequent representations have been made to the "powers that be" of the desirability of appointing a Magistrate for this district, with judicial powers. Such an appointment would be popular, for the presence of a Stipendiary Magistrate is urgently wanted. There are no less than thirty saloons or groggeries already in full blast. The frequent breaches of the law, therefore, is not to be wondered at.

Mr. Charles Todd's jurisdiction does not extend to the Columbia, consequently since the mounted police left Beaver Creek the place has been somewhat boisterous. Houses are being rushed up irrespective of adverse claims to the land on which they stand. Many are anxiously awaiting the arrival of some of the parties who are interested in the site to grant titles and deal with the property.

Overtures have been received from a firm at Calgary to establish a newspaper in the embryo city. The matter is under consideration.

For weeks we have enjoyed most delightful spring weather. COLUMBIA.

VOICE OF THE PEOPLE.

(THE TIMES wishes it to be distinctly understood that it is in no way responsible for, and does not necessarily agree with its correspondents.)

An Unacceptable Individual.

VICTORIA, May 2, 1885.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—I observed by an item in the Colonist of the 30th, that amongst those who took part in the trial of guns on Macaulay's Point, was the name of a certain person who recently figured in a scandalous case. Is it possible that one who was so publicly disgraced and whose very presence in the Province is offensive to the pure and right minded can be tolerated among those wearing Her Majesty's uniform? In view of the very probable contingency of a call being soon made upon the patriotism of our residents, I, in common with others, protest against the individual referred to being pushed forward to a position of prominence, notwithstanding that it may be in the interest of certain interested parties to do so. CITIZEN.

Rally, Boys Rally.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE TIMES:

SIR,—I hope that every workingman in Victoria, that is depending on his daily labor for a living will finite together in a body and defend themselves at the meeting to be held this evening in reference to the Chinese question.

A. WORKINGMAN.

Queen's Birthday.

A meeting of the general committee appointed to arrange a programme for the 24th of May was held last night. A report was read from the Athletic Club asking for $130. The report was adopted, as also one from the Regatta Committee asking for $300. Capt. Jones announced that an old hulk would be blown up with gun-cotton to show the destructive power. The committee adjourned to meet on Friday.

NEW BOOKS.

Sewer Gas—Its nature and origin—75 cents.
House Drainage and Sanitary Plumbing—75.
Ventilation—75.
Water and Water Supply—75.
Filtration of Air in Mines—75.
Bridge and Tunnel Centres—75.
Incandescent Electric Lights—75
Ventilation of Coal Mines—75.
The Strength of Materials—75.

J. B. FERGUSON & CO.

Several fine farms in the Fraser Valley and some first class timber lands, for sale by Rand Bros., Real Estate Brokers, New Westminster, B. C.

METHODISM IN B. C.

Three Districts to be Formed—Increase in the Ministry.

During the past few days meetings have been held in the Methodist Church, Pandora street, of the members constituting the Victoria district in connection with the Methodist Church of Canada. With the exception of the Rev. Mr. Pollard of this city and Rev. Mr. Patterson of Spallumcheen, all the members were present. The meeting was a very satisfactory one to all parties interested. This will be the last meeting held for the whole province, there being now three districts, composed of Vancouver Island as the Victoria district; west of the Cascades to be known as the New Westminster District; east of the Cascades as the Nicola district. It has also been found necessary to increase the ministry and three additional members have been asked from the east. The increase in membership during the year, as reported, was 129. So rapid is the membership increasing that it is expected there will be a general conference held in this city in 1887. From every congregation encouraging reports were received. The Revs. Messrs. Hemlaw and Dowler were received into the body, having previously been ordained to the ministry. Mr. Hemlaw is to be stationed at Maple Bay, and the Rev. J. A. Wood goes to Ladner's Landing. The growth of Methodism in Victoria has been so rapid that Mr. Dowler has been appointed assistant to the Rev. Mr. Percival. These are the only changes to be made this year.

Along the Line.

The road-bed between Savona and Kamloops is nearly ready. Mr. Leamy expects to finish his contract in two weeks. The track was only laid about a miles east of Port Van Horne when the halt took place. However, Messrs. Munro & Foster are now busy driving piles for the bridges, and Mr. D. McGillvery has a bridge force camped along the line, and it is thought the track laying will soon commence again and probably reach Kamloops during the month of May or June at the latest. East of here, Mr. Keefer has the line nearly ready for twenty miles and other subcontractors are pushing forward toward Bray's tunnels, now well advanced. Mr. W. C. Mitchell, C. E., interested, we believe, with Mr. D. McBeth, has removed from Savona to Shuswap Lake Division, where he will push forward the construction with his usual ability when in the field of railway progress.—Inland Sentinel.

The Queen's Passenger List.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 2.—The following passengers left on the Queen to-day for Victoria: Irving M Scott, Mrs J C Nicholson, M S Aitken, Chas R Silman and daughter, B B Redding and mother, Robert McLease, J C Johns, Mrs Lincott, Mrs Jas Barry, Mrs Underwood and daughter, E Aitken, J L Carson, Miss B Murray, Mrs Ross, W D Patterson, Mrs T L Coughlin and child, D H Ross, Mrs Blackstock and mother, Mrs Jos O'Neil, M Conley, W L Bates, W T Arthur, J Arthur, R A Thain, G Poomis and daughter, Miss L Vaughn, M A Mana, Mrs Walls, Capt R A Maiden, D H Vail, A England, Wm Edwards, John Dugal, Geo H Maynard, Chas J Farrell, A D Whittier, F O Ebs, A M Foxwell, Mrs Young, P McGenill.

Blue Ribbon Meeting.

The Blue Ribbon meeting last night at Esquimalt was quite a success. The chair was occupied by Mr. J. H. Innes. After some short addresses a Blue Ribbon Club was organized with the following officers: President, Mr. Innes; 1st Vice-President, Mr. Muir; 2d Vice-President, Mr. Keeler; Recording Secretary Mr. Greenleaf; Cor. Secretary, Sergt. Wilson; Treas., J. Wilson; choir leader, Miss Ella Innes; assistant, Messrs. Davie and Buckman. After some further business the meeting adjourned.

THE legislature of Nova Scotia passed unanimously an act granting an annuity to the widow of the late Hon. JOSEPH HOWE of $500.

THE policy adopted by the liberal party of first stamping out the rebellion and their enquire into its origin is a step in the correct direction.

Choice City Property

At the junction of Government and Douglas street, for sale on easy terms by Rand & Lipsett, Real Estate Brokers Victoria, B. C.

The Roller Coaster.

The roller coaster will be open on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, from 2 to 9 p. m.

VANCOUVER.

COAL HARBOR.

Messrs. F. C. Innes & Co. having opened an office at Granville, on Coal Harbor, intending investors can now avail themselves of the opportunity offered by examining, and purchasing directly upon the ground. The advantage of doing so is obvious, therefore, before investing your money you should see Coal Harbor and call upon Messrs. F. C. Innes & Co. at the same time.

Robt. T. Williams, Book Binder Paper Ruler and Blank Book Manufacturer. Maps and Drawing Paper Mounted. Office of the B. C. Directory. Broad St.

Choice Stock.

The choicest and most extensive stock in Watches, Parisian Clocks, Diamond goods, Gold and Silver Jewelry and Electroplated ware has just been opened by us for the holidays. They will be sold low. We extend a cordial invitation to the public to inspect these really beautiful goods which are beyond praise.

C. W. A. LANGE & SON.

New Ready.

The B. C. Directory for 1885, just issued by R. T. Williams, Publisher, is a perfect compendium of information concerning the city of Victoria and the Province of British Columbia. The subscription price, $1.50, is so low that it should be kept as a book of reference in every business house and residence in the Province.

The London Bazaar has just received a fine lot of new goods from London, England.

Improved farms at Saanich, Cowichan Clover Valley and other places, for sale by Rand & Lipsett, Victoria, B. C.

Home Productions.

Saanich Lime and San Juan, Roche Harbor Lime for sale by J. Wrigleworth, corner of Yates and Blanchard streets.

J. BAGNALL & CO., Victoria, B. C., the only exclusive Music House in British Columbia. The largest stock of Pianos and Organs in the Province. A complete assortment of everything in the musical trade.

Appolinaris.

Natural mineral water, direct from the Springs, for sale by

NEUFELDER & ROSS.

Ladies' Jouvin's and Bon Delmont, latest styles, just received. Brown & White, Government street.

Moonlight.

For the moonlight and lakeby scenes call on Somers & Rudlings, Photographers, Fort street.

C. P. RAILWAY LOAN

A Temporary Loan of $5,000,000 to be Granted.

The Motion to be Introduced on Monday Next.

Special to THE TIMES.

OTTAWA, May 2.—Sir John Macdonald gave notice last evening in the Commons that on Monday next he will move that Government may make a temporary loan to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company of $5,000,000, to be repaid by the company, with interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, on or before the 1st of July, 1886. This announcement has taken a great many by surprise, as it differs very materially from the supposed policy to be carried out, as foreshadowed in the ministerial press during the past few weeks. The opposition will oppose the vote with the view of obtaining information. It will, however, carry by an overwhelming majority. Assurances have been given that construction will now be proceeded with more vigorously than ever, with the view of completing the line this year.

MARINE NOTES.

Bark Majestic was towed to Nanaimo last night by the Alexander to load coal at the V. C. Company.

Steamer Barnard Castle passed down at 4 o'clock this morning from Departure Bay with coal for San Francisco.

BIRTHS, MARRIAGES & DEATHS.

[Notices under this head, one dollar.]

DEATHS.

LEIGH—At Auburn, Cal., on the 19th April, in the 37th year of his age, Edwin Alfred Leigh, Deputy Registrar Supreme Court, and Registrar of County Court, third son of the late Wm. Leigh, City Clerk of Victoria.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, May 3rd, at 2 o'clock p. m. from the residence of his mother, James Bay, and the Reformed Episcopal church at 2.30. Friends and acquaintances invited.

HEAL.—On the 1st inst., at his residence, Gorton Head Road, Cedar Hill District, James Heal, a native of Delaware, United States, aged 55 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, to-morrow (Sunday) at 1.30 p. m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

NEW TO-DAY.

—FOR—

TOOTH BRUSHES,

A Superior Article. Before purchasing Elsewhere, call at the

Japanese Bazaar

2 FOR 25c ONLY.

CHAS. GABRIEL & CO.

Millinery! Millinery!

The Newest Styles and Latest Novelties in

Bonnets, Hats and Fancy Materials

JUST ARRIVED.

A Large Assortment of Ladies' and Children's STRAW HATS, FROM 25 CTS.

MRS. WHITLAW'S,

Fort St., near Government.

REMOVAL.

DR. MILNE

Has removed his office and residence to the

Corner of Douglas & Broughton Sts,

Formerly occupied by Dr. Powell,

TELEPHONE CALL No. 16.

May 2, 1885. may2-M

PUBLIC MEETING.

THE CHINESE QUESTION!

IN COMPLIANCE WITH A REQUISITION of Citizens and resolution of the City Council, I hereby call a Public Meeting for

Saturday Evening, May 2nd,

AT EIGHT O'CLOCK,

To consider resolutions to be forwarded the House of Commons in reference to the passage of a law respecting Chinese.

may2 R. P. RITHET, Mayor.

H. C. WILSON,

Corner Johnson and Blanchard Streets.

MANUFACTURER OF

TIN & COPPERWARE,

AND DEALER IN

Stoves, Ranges, &c.

Plumbing, Gas and Water Pipes laid, Job Work and Repairing of Every Description, Promptly Executed at Reasonable Rates.

Copper Steamboat Work & Pipe Work a Specialty.

Orders can be left at E. G. Prior's, Bossi & Gieselmann's and Pritchard House. april

THE BELMONT

Tanning and Boot and Shoe Manufacturing Co., Limited.

Manufacturers of and Dealers in

Leather, Boots, Shoes, &c

Upper, Sole, Kip, Calf, Harness, Russet & Bridle Leather.

Cash paid for Hides, Calf & Sheepskins.

GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

ROCKFORD

QUICK TRAIN WATCHES.

Unequalled in Timeing Service. Used by the U. S. Coast Survey; U. S. Naval Observatory by Locomotive Engineers and other Railway men. They are recognized as THE BEST. Sold in principal cities and towns by exclusive Agents (leading jewelers), with a full warranty.

G. W. A. LANGE & SON

VICTORIA.

Sole Agents for British Columbia.

W. R CLARKE, Auctioneer,

Appraiser and Commission Merchant.

SALESROOM:—FIRE PROOF BUILDING, YATES ST. VICTORIA, B. C.

Liberal advances made on consignments.
To facilitate the sale of Real Estate, I have complete maps of Victoria, Esquimalt, New Westminster and the Districts.

N. B.—Parties desirous of selling their Stock, Stock in Trade, or Furniture, and not wishing the trouble of an Auction Sale, can find a Cash buyer by calling on the above.

Office of Harbor Master and Port Warden.

BRITISH EMPIRE MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY,

OF LONDON, ENGLAND.

Established 1847.

Cash Assets over $5,000,000
Annual Income over $1,000,000
Invest'ts in Canada over $600,000
Canadian Gov't Deposit $100,000
Claims & Bonuses paid to Policy-holders over $10,000,000

CANADIAN RATES.

All Claims Paid in Canada without Reference to the Home Office.

POLICIES ISSUED on all improved plans.
CASH PROFITS every three years.
POLICIES entirely free from conditions.

Directors for British Columbia:

R. P. RITHET, Esq., Mayor of City of Victoria.
THOMAS EARLE Esq.
B. W. PEARSE, Esq.
HON. SIMEON DUCK, M. P. P.
THOS. SHOTBOLT, Esq., J. P.

DAVID DOWNS, Esq., Chief Inspector for the Dominion.
F. STANCLIFFE, Esq., Montreal General Manager.

A. B. GRAY & CO.,

WHARF STREET, VICTORIA,

AGENTS FOR BRITISH COLUMBIA. Act

BUY

HAYWARD HAND GRENADES,

The Best Grenade in the World.

Endorsed and Used by all the Leading Establishments in the United States.

Thousands of Disastrous fires could have been put out with a Single

Hayward Grenade!

TAKE NO OTHER.

G. J. RECHT, General Agent. 124 Market st., San Francisco.
C. S. GOWEN, Victoria, sole agent for B.C. ap27

ORNE CREEK MINES

THE UNDERSIGNED BEGS LEAVE TO notify the General Public that he has on hand Full Supplies for Miners including

Groceries,

Boots and Shoes,

Dry Goods,

Picks, Shovels, Gold Pans,

And all other requisites for mining.

Every Accommodation will be Furnished to any Parties landing at this place. There is a Commodious Wharf and ample Storage room.

As this is the Headquarters for all Indians on the Coast, there are ample facilities for forwarding Passengers and Freight up the river.

ALL GOODS AT PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES.

Will Forward Freight and Passengers at Reasonable Rates.

R. CUNNINGHAM,

Port Essington, Skeena River, B. C. apr4

Ice Cream! Ice Cream!

STEITZ BROS.

Beg to notify their Patrons and the Public that commencing

Saturday Afternoon, April 25, 1885,

They will again begin the manufacture of their

Celebrated Ice Cream

And that on and after that date, during the season, they will be prepared to supply their Customers by the

GLASS, PINT, QUART OR GALLON.

Orders left at the Restaurant, Yates street, will receive prompt attention. Balls, Suppers and Picnic Parties supplied. apl4-1m

ESTABLISHED 1858.

Suits! Suits! Suits!!

Men's Boys and Children's suits in great variety and at such

REDUCED RATES

As will pay you to see them before purchasing elsewhere, at

A. GILMORE'S,

Fashion House, Victoria.

ROYAL Insurance Company!

Accumulated Funds - $26,225,000

Risks accepted at current rates of premium. Polices issued and losses promptly adjusted by the General Agents in Victoria, without reference to Head Office.

The Royal has a Larger Surplus than any other Fire Insurance Company in the World.

ROBERT WARD & CO.

MERCHANTS,

WHARF STREET - VICTORIA

General Agents for British Columbia.

KING TYE CO.

importers, Manufacturers, also Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Foreign and Domestic

GROCERIES,

Opium &c.

Also Manufacturers of all Kinds of

CLOTHING

Cormorant Street, above Store, P. O. Box 393. VICTORIA

L. H. WILTON,

Tent and Sail Maker,

AND DEALER IN JUNK,

BOATS BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Cor. Johnson and Wharf Streets.

VICTORIA, B. C.

VALUABLE

Real Estate

FOR SALE.

35 CITY LOTS

FRONTING ON CARR STREET,
(The continuation of Bird Cage Walk)
TORONTO STREET
AVELON ROAD,
PHŒNIX PLACE,
And the PUBLIC PARK.

This delightfully situated property is about Ten Minutes' Walk from the Post Office and can

Now be Secured at Reasonable Prices

And Upon Liberal Terms.

It is most desirable for Homesteads, and as an investment no better can be secured.

Apply to THOS. C. NUTTALL. ap10 Langley Street.

REDUCTION

In Price of Gas.

From Date of 1st July the price of Gas will be

Reduced from $5 to $4

PER 1000 CUBIC FEET.

With a further reduction of $1.00 per thousand on all Gas Bills paid at the Town Office by the 10th day of each month, making a net price of $3.00 per thousand cubic feet.

By order.

C. W. R. THOMSON, Secretary

Victoria Gas Company, (Limited). ap14

WAR NEWS!

For a fine fitting and cheap suit of clothes, go to

Levi, the Tailor.

Citizens of Victoria are invited to examine my goods.

Levi, the Tailor.

New goods arrive by every Steamer, at

Levi, the Tailor's.

You will be astonished at the low prices, at

Levi, the Tailor's.

Don't forget the Place,

No. 37 Johnson Street.

CLASSIFIED BUSINESS CARDS.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

IRVING BRO'S.
BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
Government Street, bet. Broughton & Courtney, Victoria, B. C.
REPAIRING A SPECIALTY.

CIVIL ENGINEERS.

HARRIS & HARGREAVES,
CIVIL ENGINEERS, LAND SURVEYORS, AND ARCHITECTS.
S.W. cor. of Government & Bastion Sts., up-stairs VICTORIA, B. C.
Plans, specifications and estimates furnished for buildings.

ARCHITECTS.

JOHN TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT.
GOVERNMENT STREET. VICTORIA, B. C.

MURRIS & DE LA PENOTIERE,
ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS,
Moody's buildings, cor. Broad and Yates Street
VICTORIA, B. C.
S. C. MURRIS, Architect. W. DE LA PENOTIERE, Architect, C. E., D. L. S.

REAL ESTATE.

JOHN J. AUSTIN,
NOTARY PUBLIC.
Real Estate and General Agent. Loans negotiated, Town and Country Property for sale. Office Colonist Building. P. O. Box 30.

MERCHANTS.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.
MERCHANTS.
H. C. BEETON & CO., 36 FINSBURY CIRCUS LONDON, E.C. Wharf Street, Victoria, B. C.

IRON WORKS.

ALBION IRON WORKS Co. (Limited).
HOME INDUSTRY.
Engines and Boilers of every description. Cooking and Heating Stoves, etc.
ALDERMAN GEAY, Manager.
W. F. BULLEN, Secretary.

GROCERIES.

J. FINLAYSON,
GOVERNMENT ST. VICTORIA, B. C.
Dealer in FINE FAMILY GROCERIES, of all kinds. Table delicacies in great variety. Also, choice Tea and Coffee.

JOHN BOYD,
Importer and Dealer in
GROCERIES, WINES AND SPIRITS.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
Yates Street, Victoria B. C.

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

W. POLLARD,
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER.
OFFICE:—Langley Street. Victoria.
P. O. Drawer

PRINTING.

MUNROE MILLER,
STEAM BOOK & JOB PRINTER,
Johnson St., near Broad. VICTORIA, B. C.

DRS. MACSWAIN & DEARDEN
PHYSICIANS & SURGEONS.
OFFICE—Fort street, above Douglas. Open day and night. Telephone Call, 112.
A. MACSWAIN, M. D., L. R. C. P., London, Eng.
G. A. DEARDEN, M. D., C. M., McGill, Montreal. oct1

DR. CHIPP,
M. R. C. S., Eng., L. S. A., London,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
OFFICE—Johnson street, cor. Langley street. ap4-1m

NEUFELDER & ROSS
Importers and Dealers in Staple and Fancy Groceries, Wines & Liquors
Guaranteed
VICTORIA B.C.

AGENTS FOR
JESSE MOORE'S
BOURBON WHISKEY.

THE EQUITABLE LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY

OF THE UNITED STATES.

Head Office, 120 Broadway N. Y.

H. B. HYDE, President.

Assets	$68,162,000
Surplus	10,494,000
Total am't paid on acc't Death claims &c. to Dec. 31st, 1884	81,072,000
Canadian Gov't deposit	350,000
Income, '84	16,003,000
Increase of Income, '84	1,533,000
" Surplus, '84	1,620,000
" Assets, '84	5,121,000
Paid to Policy Holders, 1884	7,195,000
New Assurances written in '84	94,577,000

All Policies become INCONTESTABLE and NON-FORFEITABLE after three years, and are payable IMMEDIATELY upon receipt of proofs of death.

The Equitable is the strongest Life Assurance Society in the world.

ENERGETIC AGENTS WANTED

C. G. FALLENTINE,
Gen'l Manager, B.C., Victoria.